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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Filipinos between Caloocan and Malabon were routed yesterday by the Third U. S. artillery, acting as infantry, with the aid of the cruiser Charleston and monitor Monadnock; the railroad is now open to Caloocan and supplies for troops are now sent by rail from Manila. ——The Fortifications Appropriation bill as completed by the House committee, carries $4,744,798. ——The Naval appropriation bill aggregates $44,185,605. ——Minimum temperature yesterday morning at Washington, D. C., fourteen below zero; Weather bureau says the cold will continue; freezing weather in Florida is probable to-night. ——The Senatorial dead-lock in Utah, Pennsylvania, Deleware and Nebraska continues. ——The War Department is pushing preparations for the embalmed beef investigation. ——Ballester, a brother of Mrs. Rudyard Kipling, will bring suit against this famous brother-in-law for malicious prosecution and false arrest. ——The N. C. House of Representatives passed a resolution to impeach Judge Norwood. ——New York markets: Cotton steady, middling uplands 6½c: flour was inactive but steady; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red 84½; corn—spot firm; No. 2, 44½@45½c; rosin firm; spirits tupentine quiet.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 11.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 24 deg.; 8 P. M., 21 deg.; maximum, 25 deg.; minimum, 19 deg.; mean, 25 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .26; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.21.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 47.3 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—For Virginia and North Carolina—Snow, continued cold, brisk northwesterly winds.

Port Almanac---Feb. 12.

Sun Rises	6.53 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.36 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 43 M.
High Water at Southport	9 44 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12 14 A. M.

Eve wore no bird feathers in her hat and yet Eve led the fashions for a long time.

If Gen. Eagan be economical he can scuffle along on the $5,500 annual salary he will draw while suspended.

A $400,000,000 steel Trust is proposed, Andrew Carnegie doing the manipulating. There will be lots of steal in that.

The city of Charleston also is wrestling with the bad beef question, But it is not of the "embalmed" variety.

A Chicago man who lost his false teeth recovered them by advertising. This shows that judicious advertising will draw even teeth.

The Dismal Swamp canal, which connects Chesapeake bay with Albemarle sound, will be open for traffic about March 1. It is twenty-two miles long.

A Pennsylvania man recently coughed up a lizard, which he thinks he imbibed while on a hunt for something else. He felt better after it, and so did the lizard.

Cincinnati will issue $6,000,000 of bonds to build water-works. There are a good many of the denizens of that burg who would prefer to see that sum invested in beer tanks.

As the Philippines do not belong to the United States yet, and will not until the Spanish Cortes ratifies the treaty, how can the Filipinos who dispute American sovereignty be "rebels?"

The President of the Chicago University (richly endowed) thinks that no college with less than $100,000 endowment should be allowed to confer degrees. He wants to monopolize that business out there.

There is an anti-cartoon bill before the California Legislature. In the estimation of some of the Solons out there drawing cartoons of legislators is a good deal more reprehensible than drawing checks for them.

Hon. Dan Lamont is going to invest $10,000 in a picture of his friend Grover. This evidence of appreciation of the boosts that Grover gave Daniel ought to make Grover smile and look his best when he squares himself to the artist.

A Republican contemporary remarks that our spies are watching Agoncillo and his spies are watching our spies, and that we must have spies to watch the spies who are watching our spies. This looks like turning the thing into a regular "I spy" play.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Three licenses for marriage were granted to white couples last week and three to colored.

— Burt Green, colored, was fined $5 and costs in the Mayor's Court yesterday for disorderly conduct.

— The appearance of the Mayor's office has recently been much improved by the addition of a new and handsomely designed carpet.

— Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., invite your attention to the sale of seasonable goods in an attractive advertisement in to-day's paper.

— A meeting of the members of the O. A. N. Club is called for Monday night at 8.15 o'clock. A full attendance is urgently requested.

— "The Beautiful Snow" has come; but that will not interfere with A. D. Brown's "Snow White Sale," which will be continued this week.

— The county Board of Audit and Finance were in session some time yesterday morning examining the treasurer's regular monthly report.

— The river was full of drift-wood late yesterday afternoon on the outgoing of the tide, as a result of the freshet up the Cape Fear for the past week.

— The train on the A. & Y. R. R. was over an hour late again last night. The cause was a washout of about fifty feet of track this side of Fayetteville.

— The attention of STAR readers is directed to the advertisement of Mr. T. H. Platt, lock and gunsmith, which is published in another column. Mr. Platt guarantees first class service.

— There were receipts yesterday of 187 bales of cotton, 110 of which were brought in by the steamer *Geo. W. Clyde* on her Georgetown trip. The receipts on the corresponding day last year were 567 bales.

— Owing to the unusually severe weather conditions, Prof. Lee did not give a hypnotic performance either yesterday afternoon or last night. He and his clever assistants go to Florence to-day where they entertain this week.

— A meeting of the subscribers to stock in the new Bank, for which the name of "The Murchison National Bank" is being strongly advocated, is called for to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. See official notice in another column.

— Rev. F. H. Farrington, of the Southside Baptist Church, will be the special speaker at the Y. M. C. A. mass meeting this afternoon at 5 o'clock. His subject will be "The Uncertainty of Life." The song service will be another special feature of the meeting.

— Rev. David Macroe, the distinguished Presbyterian minister, eminent author and brilliant Scotch lecturer, who is spending some time in the city, the guest of Mr. James Sprunt, will preach at the First Presbyterian Church this morning at 11 o'clock.

— On account of insurmountable difficulties, the Second Regiment Band has cancelled its engagement to furnish music for the celebration of the sixty-fourth anniversary of the literary societies of Wake Forest College, which will be observed Friday and Saturday, February 17-18th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. & Y. R. R. Co.—Notice.
Frank Haffner—Shoes cheap.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Big sale.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Up-to-date.
Hirbernia, Benev. So.—Sociable.
A. D. Brown—Snow-white sale.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Valentines.
T. H. Platt—Lock and gunsmith.
Notice—Subscribers to new bank.
N F. Parker—Needed convenience.
J. H. Rheder & Co —Rubber shoes.
Clarendon Lodge K. of P.—Notice.
Opera House—"A Stranger in New York"

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Gentleman—Board wanted.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. G. C. Lamb, of Henderson, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. James M. Walker, of High Point, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. Jas. T. Royster, of Raleigh, was among the visitors in Wilmington yesterday.

— Miss Mary Holladay, of Rapidan, Va., is the guest of Miss Mary Cronly, on Third street.

Funeral and Interment To-day.

The remains of Mrs. Sarah Patzck, whose death occurred Thursday at her home in New York city, were brought to this city for funeral and interment yesterday morning via the A. C. L. The deceased was the relict of the late Isaac Patzck, who was a well known Hebrew merchant of Fayetteville, and who was buried here a few years ago. She was seventy-five years of age at the time of her death and has no immediate relatives in this vicinity. The funeral will take place this morning at 11 o'clock from the residence of Rev. Dr. S Mendelsohn and the interment will be made in the Jewish cemetery in Oakdale.

On account of bad weather the past week The C. W. Polvogt Co. will continue their Big Sale and Bargain Week. Be sure and visit them. †

Bargain Week continued through all this week. Big reduction and additional Bargains this week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

SOME ATTRACTIONS.

For Wilmington Pleasure-Seekers During the Coming Week.

TWO EVENTS AT OPERA HOUSE

"A Stranger In New York" Wednesday. French Opera Co. Saturday—"An Accidental Courtship" and Hibernian Sociable Monday Night.

The first theatrical attraction this week will be Hoyt's merry musical comedy, "A Stranger in New York," which will be played at the Opera House Wednesday night. It is the latest work of Mr. Charles Hoyt and, although scarcely six months old, is already a favorite in theatrical circles. The play is written very much after the manner of "A Trip to Chinatown" and presents the adventures of a man who goes to New York for the purpose of seeing the city. Miss Alice Holbrook plays the part of "Hattie," that of a charming girl companion who plans all the adventures, sings a song when need be and goes to the French ball. Mr. Jno. Gilbert, the well known comedian, is also a member of the company. The Charleston *News and Courier* of the 5th inst, says of the company's engagement in that city:

"A Stranger in New York" was presented before two audiences at the Academy of Music yesterday, and there was no mistaking the welcome given. The Stranger paid Charleston a visit last season, and many were familiar with his adventures in the great metropolis, but the story will bear repeating. Beginning at the reception room of the Hoffman House the evening ends at the Madison Square Garden, while the annual French ball is in progress. The fun begins with the arrival of the Stranger, and never ceases until the curtain is down for the last time. The men and women who conspire to give the Stranger a warm time succeed beyond even their highest ambitions, and only because he is a thoroughbred does he come through alive. There is never a minute's rest for the Stranger, but he meets every wave bow on, and has the time of his life—at a reasonable cost.

On Saturday night the French Opera Company now closing a very successful season in New Orleans, will entertain at the Opera House, presenting the popular Opera "Parisian Life." They will also give a matinee at which they will play "Madam Aguot." The company is highly endorsed and is being played by a clever company of artists.

To-morrow night in Hibernian Hall the annual sociable, by the Hibernian Society, will be given. The committee having the matter in charge is arranging to even out-do all previous records in the matter of providing amusements and delicious refreshments for the patrons. The great success which has attended previous events of the kind, under Hibernian auspices, affords abundant assurance that the sociable will be a delighful success. Music and dancing will be among the features of entertainment.

"An Accidental Courtship" is the title of an entertainment to be given in Abbie Chadbourn Memorial Hall to-morrow (Monday) evening. It will be on the eve of St. Valentines Day, and the sale of valentine's, both comic and fancy, will be a feature of the evening. A committee of young ladies will serve refreshments and a programme of music, recitations, etc., has been arranged. Among them will be a recitation by Miss Worth and a solo by Mrs. W. L. Latta. The event is to benefit the Sunday School library fund.

The Current Events Department of the North Carolina Sorosi's will meet in regular session on Friday afternoon. The topic to be discussed is "Inventions" and the reading of papers treating of inventions of the day by talented members of the Department, will be features of the meeting.

A rare treat is in store for the Wilmington music-loving public on next Saturday night, the 18th inst., when the Louise Brehany Ballad and Opera Concert Company will entertain under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. in the Association's auditorium. The company is headed by Miss Louise M. Brehany, a favorite prima donna, supported by a superb *coterie* of well known artists.

The programme they will render consists of choice ballads and scenes from operas, concluding with an act from the grand opera "Martha," beautifully costumed, with all scenery and paraphernalia.

General Secretary Caldwell was fortunate enough to secure the engagement of this company by reason of the fact that the company finds that they will have to be here Saturday and Sunday whether they entertain or not, and they therefore give the association a special and very advantageous contract. They are of the regular $175 guarantee standard.

This will not be a Star Course feature. Members of the Y. M. C. A. will be admitted for 50 cents, and the general public for 75 cents.

The following is the personnel of the company: Louise M. Brehany, soprano; Mr. M. Guillaume Sauvlet, pianist; Miss Agnes Pringle, violinist; Miss Jessie Waters, mezzo; Mr. Lester Bartlett Jones, tenor; Mr. Geo. Dethlefs, baritone.

Additional Bargains have been displayed for this week's Big Sale at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Lonsdale Cambric 10c; Silk Cambric 4c; 12½c Percales for 9c, are among the Bargains at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

CHANGE OF DEPOTS FOR A. AND Y. TRAINS.

C. F. and Y. V. Station to Close at 10 A. M. Wednesday—Trains to Arrive and Depart From A. C. L. Depot.

The old passenger and freight depot of the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, now the Atlantic & Yadkin, at the foot of Grace street, will be closed next Wednesday, the 15th inst., at 10 A. M., and thereafter all Atlantic & Yadkin trains will arrive and depart from the Front street depot of the Wilmington & Weldon (A. C. L.) Railroad Company. All freight business of the road will be transacted at the freight station of the same company.

The last train to leave the old C. F. and Y. V. depot will be the northbound, at 8:50 A. M. Wednesday, and the first Atlantic and Yadkin train to come into the car shed of the A. C. L. depot on Front street will be the 7:05 P. M. train from Mount Airy on the same day.

As announced by the STAR on the morning after the meeting of the A. and Y. Board of Directors in Baltimore, the management of the C. F. & Y. V. property passes into the hands of the A. & Y. Co., and becomes a part of the Atlantic Coast Line system at midnight on the 14th inst. No announcement can as yet be made as to what use will be made of the old C. F. & Y. V. depot or of the Point Peter station.

Attention is directed to the official notice by Mr. J. R. Kenly, as general manager of the A. & Y. Railway Co., relative to the abandonment of the old C. F. & Y. V. depots, published in another column.

SOME WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Extremely Cold and Snowing Yesterday. Promise of Colder Times In the Old Town To-night.

Wilmington is now in the throes of decidedly the coldest wave yet experienced this season. At 3 o'clock this morning the thermometer stood at 22, having fallen about six degrees during the night. The ground is covered with about two and a half inches of snow, which fell during yesterday, and there is every indication of a continued snowfall to day.

The jingle of sleigh bells was heard for the first time this Winter in many parts of the city yesterday afternoon and merry companies of young people enjoyed "snow balling" and coasting to their hearts' content.

Mr. Fallon, the weather observer for this station, was seen by a member of the STAR staff last evening. He says there is every indication of still lower temperature to night. A fierce storm is raging on the South Atlantic coast, coming this way with considerable velocity, while the extreme cold wave prevailing through the North and West will lower the temperature still more in this section before it subsides, so that a really cold time may be expected in this old town to-night.

BOARD MANAGERS PRODUCE EXCHANGE

Met in Special Session Yesterday Morning. National Quarantine Law Considered.

A special meeting of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange was held at their rooms on Water street at 11.30 o'clock yesterday morning. The president, Mr. H. G. Smallbones, presided and the following members were present: Messrs. S. P. McNair, A. H. Brenner, W. B. Cooper, Chas. H. Robinson, Capt. W. R. Kenan and Col. J. L. Cantwell, secretary.

The president stated the meeting was for the consideration of taking action with reference to the endorsement of some quarantine legislation now pending in Congress, and read a telegram from President Jno. M. Parker, of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, asking the co-operation of the Wilmington Produce Exchange in its efforts to secure the passage of the Caffery bill relating to quarantine, as it is amended at present. He also read a telegram sent by Dr. Geo. G. Thomas to Dr. Walter Wyman, Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service at Washington.

Dr. Thomas was present and by request spoke at some length of the benefits to be derived from the enactment of the law as at present amended.

On motion of Capt. Kenan, the bill as at present amended was endorsed by the Board of Managers and the secretary was instructed to send a communication to Congressman Martin apprising him of the action of the Board and asking his hearty support of the same. The secretary was also instructed to write to Mr. Parker, of the New Orleans' Exchange, setting forth the action of the board.

Col. Cantwell at once complied with the instructions, and on motion the Board adjourned.

Small Fire Yesterday Afternoon.

An alarm of fire, sent in from box 49 yesterday afternoon, summoned the department to a small fire in the dwelling owned and occupied by John Pridgen, colored, No. 420 South Sixth street. The damage amounted to about $5 to house and $5 to furniture and was covered by insurance with Dr. W. W. Harriss. A four-year-old girl of Pridgen's fell into the fire-place and in attempting to extinguish the flames from the clothing of the child the inmates of the house set fire to the bed clothing.

Spend your cash during the Big Sale, continued for this week, at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Y. M. C. A. GENERAL COMMITTEES FOR 1899.

Just Completed and Announced by the President and General Secretary. Departments of Work.

The president and general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. have just completed the committees to whose charge will be committed the general work of the various departments of the association during 1899. They are as follows, to-wit:

Devotional—Dr. W. C. Galloway, P. Heinsberger Sr., B. A Jones, E. Norfleet, R. E. Van Laer, E. Y. Davis, J. A. McGeachy.

Executive—Col. Roger Moore, B. F. Hall, Jas. F. Post, Jr., Dr. J. H. Dreher, Dr. D. W. Bulluck, Chas. M. Whitlock.

Finance—C. W. Worth, B. F. Hall, W. H. Sprunt, R. W. Hicks, C. C. Brown, I. V. Grainger, W. B. Cooper.

Lecture—W. L. Latta, Benj. Bell, M. L. Stover, P. Pearsall, W. R. Taylor, R. E. Van Lear, H. E. Bonitz.

Educational—J. J. Blair, P. B. Manning, W. M. Cumming.

Gymnasium—H. E. Boney, N. S. McLaurin, H. H. Merritt, E. Borden, F. M. Fulford, J. J. Blair, A. M. Parker, J. T. Gordon. E. Y. Davis, H. G. Smallbones, Jr., H. R. Moore.

Social—J. T. King, W. R. Taylor, N. S McLaurin, S. P. Barksdale, T. J. Gause, Jos. Boylan, P. Heinsberger, Sr., Chas. Fergurson, J. C. James, W. E. Davis, Geo. L. Hancock, B. W. Marshall, J. A. McDougald, B. E. Robeson, Chas. E. McMillan, C. S. Hopkins.

Membership—Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., N. S. McLaurin, James Cotchett, Alex. M. McClure, Wm. Croswell, Jr., Sam Hall.

Invitation—Sam'l J. Wood, G. Walter Irving, F. L. Huggins, Robt. J. Sheppard, W. R. Dosher, Wm. Farrow.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

"Adrift on the Black Wild Tide, or the Voyage of Life," will be Dr. Blackwell's subject at the Baptist Church to-night.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, A. G. Voigt, D. D., pastor. German services to day at 11 A. M.; English services at 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Front street above Bladen street, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock; evening service at 7.30 o'clock; Sunday school at 9.30 A. M Seats all free and every person welcome.

Regular religious services at Second Advent Church, Sixth street between Church and Castle streets, will be conducted by Rev. J. W. S. Harvey. Services at 11.30 A. M. and 2 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Mr. Harvey especially requests that the membership attend these services.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—50 bales cotton.
W., C. & A. Railroad—27 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 133 barrels rosin, 154 barrels tar, 58 barrels crude turpentine.
A. & Y. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 76 barrels rosin, 53 barrels tar.
Steamer A. P. Hurt—100 barrels rosin, 46 barrels tar.
Steamer W. T. Daggett—7 barrels rosin.
Steamer Geo. W. Clyde.—110 bales cotton.
Total—Cotton, 187 bales; spirits turpentine, 24 casks; rosin, 309 barrels; tar, 260 barrels; crude turpentine, 58 barrels.

Funeral of Willie Judge.

The funeral services of William Joseph Judge, whose death was noted in yesterday's paper, were conducted from St. Thomas' Pro-Cathedral yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock by Rev. Father Dennen.

After the funeral services, the remains were taken to Southport, where the interment was made in the family burying ground.

Messrs. Joe. Linder, Allie Price, Robt. Green and Joe. Quinlivan acted as pall bearers here, and the following were the pall bearers at the interment at Southport: Messrs. Jas. Pearce, Robt. Thompson, Isaac Davis, Elmer Adkins, Fred Mintz and William Davis.

Summary of Arrests.

The weekly record at police headquarters shows that for the week ending last night, 21 arrests were made, 7 of the offenders being white and 14 colored. The causes for which they were arrested are tabulated as follows: Drunk and disorderly 7; disorderly conduct 5; drunk and down 3; assault and battery 1; throwing stones on street 1; disorderly conduct and assault 1; allowing hogs to run at large 1; larceny and suspicion 2.

Funeral To-day at Three O'clock.

The funeral services of the late S. A. Swain, whose death occurred suddenly Friday night, at his home on Third between Queen and Wooster streets, will be conducted this afternoon from the family residence. Clarendon Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias, of which he was a valued member, will assemble at their lodge room at 2 o'clock this afternoon and attend the funeral in a body. The interment will be made in Bellevue cemetery.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

STATE PENITENTIARY

Bill Passed in the House of Representatives to Bring Day to Terms.

IT CUTS OFF ALL SUPPLIES.

Forbids Payment of Any Bill, Account or Salary Except on Written Order of New Executive Board—Resolution to Impeach Norwood.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., February 11.—A bill was introduced in the House this morning and passed, forbidding the State Treasurer "to pay any bill or account for the penitentiary until ordered to do so by the new executive board, in writing. That it shall be the duty of the executive board to issue to all officers of the State prison, and all employes of the prison, at farms, prisons, or in any other places, a written order for the salary, per diem, mileage or other amount due such officer or employe, and it shall be unlawful for the State Treasurer to pay such officer or employe any money on account of such salary, per diem, mileage or other account, except upon the written order of the board. The bill further provides, "That it shall be unlawful for any officer, agent, employe or other person to sell or dispose of a crop, of any kind, or any other property whatsoever, belonging to the State's prison, except upon the written order of the executive board. Any person violating any section or provision of this act, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than $100 and imprisoned not less than three months."

This is a war measure, intended to bring Capt. Day to terms. The executive board of the penitentiary consists of E. L. Travis, W. C. Newland and W. H. Osborne.

A resolution introduced by Mr. Holman, chairman of the Finance Committee, was adopted, providing that all bills which have passed the House, carrying appropriations, be held up in the Senate until it could be seen what they all amount to. Holman stated that this was intended to include all appropriation bills, so that they can be passed upon by the special Committee on Appropriations.

The Insurance bill was made the special order for next Tuesday at noon, and was ordered printed.

In the Senate.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock. Bills were introduced: To enable counties to levy a special tax and fund indebtedness; to instruct the Secretary of State to exchange Supreme Court Reports with the President of Hawaii; to appropriate $500 to the North Carolina rolling exposition car; to repeal the February term of the Circuit Court in Madison.

The following bills passed a third reading:

To authorize Durham to issue school bonds.

To allow Tyrell to levy a special tax.

To incorporate the North and South Carolina Railway.

To create a graded school in Kinston.

To incorporate the Presbyterian Female College, Mecklenburg.

For the relief of blind ex-Confederate soldiers.

To establish a dispensary at Madison.

To restore white government in the counties of North Carolina.

To appoint a joint committee on justices.

To change the boundary line between Nash and Alleghany.

To appoint additional justices of the peace for Craven.

Senators Hicks and Mason were appointed from the Senate as members of the joint Committee on Justices of the Peace.

The bill to increase the number of commissioners for the county of Northampton passed final reading.

Bills were introduced as follows:

By Patterson of Robeson: To amend the charter of Red Springs Seminary; to extend time of organization of the Bank of Maxton.

By Winston: To add Northampton county to the Eastern Circuit Court.

By James: To drain Angola creek, Pender county, and protect oysters in Topsail township.

By Garrett: To abolish office of farmer's institutes, now held by D. Ried Parker.

By Currie of Moore: To incorporate Manly and Pine Bluff and amend the charters of the same.

By Sugg: To give Greene county better government.

By Nicholson of Perquimans: To provide an elevator for the capitol.

By Brown of Johnston: To amend Clayton's charter.

By Boushall: To incorporate the Methodist Orphange; to prescribe the manner in which new certificates of stock shall be issued in the place of lost ones.

By Allen, of Wayne: To incorporate the Commercial and Savings Bank of Goldsboro; to amend Section 3336 of the Code, regarding applications for pardons; to amend Chapter 122, Acts 1897, regarding the A. & N. C. R. R.

The resolution of the Judiciary Committee recommending the impeachment of Judge Norwood, was passed by a vote of 62 to 31. The committee appointed to present the case at the bar of the Senate is composed of Allen, Craige and Foushee.

DIED.

PATZCK—In New York City, Thursday, February 9th, 1899, Mrs. SARAH PATZCK, widow of the late Isaac patzck, aged 75 years and 30 days.

Funeral from the residence of Dr. S. Mendelsohn this morning at 11 o'clock.

Shoes.

Slocum's Assigned Stock Must be Sold Within Thirty Days

Regardless of Cost.

10,000 Pairs Gent's, Ladies', Misses and Children's Fine and Cheap Shoes. ALL NEW AND FRESH.

Having purchased from the Assignee the above large and elegant assortment of SHOES AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, I will sell same in lots to suit at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, Regardless of the Original Cost, FOR CASH ONLY.

Must be disposed of inside of 30 days.
OPEN ON AND AFTER THURSDAY MORNING AT TEN O'CLOCK.

FRANK HAFFNER, Manager,
fe 9 tf 120 Market Street, Slocum's Old Stand.

The Big Sale.

The hard rains and extreme cold weather during the past week put a damper, to a certain extent, to the efforts of The C. W. Polvogt Co. during their big sale advertised for last week. You will see by their advertisement in this issue that they have made additional efforts and are displaying more bargains for the sale week. They assure our readers that they will save money by visiting their store during this week. Their buyer will soon leave for the Northern markets for their Spring stock and they must have room. The carpet, sold by them this week will be made and laid free. Their mattings, white goods, wash goods and hundreds of notions are all offered at reduced prices for this big sale. They offer a W. B. corset, worth 89 cents, for 59 cents; other bargains in proportion. Do not fail to visit them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"A Needed Convenience."

Furniture and Household Goods packed, hauled, stored and insured. Furniture repaired, Refinished and Upholstered. Mattresses Made and Renovated by Skilled Labor.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
fe 12 tf 17 South Front street.

Attention, Clarendon Lodge.

The members of Clarendon Lodge No 2, K. of P., will meet in their lodge room this afternoon at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of attending in a body the funeral of our brother, the late S. A. Swain.

By order of the Chancellor Commander.
feb 12 1t C. R. BANKS.

SOCIABLE

Under auspices of Hibernian Benevolent Society, Monday evening, February 13. Music Dancing and Refreshments. Ticket Admitting Lady and Gentleman, $1.00. fe 12 1t

NOTICE!

Subscribers to the Stock of the new National Bank are requested to meet at the office of Murchison & Co., Monday, February 13th, at 3 o'clock P. M. fe 12 1t

T. H. PLATT.
Lock and Gunsmith Business.

Machinery of all kinds repaired. Outside work solicited.

No. 25 South Front street. fe 12 2t

Second Crop Seed Irish Potatoes For Sale.

Red Bliss Triumph, White Bliss Triumph, Clark's No. 1 Extra Early Rose.
The three best and earliest varieties grown. Stock guaranteed pure by

N. B. DAWSON,
fe 8 3w Conetoe, N. C.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday, February 15,
First Appearance of the Greatest of all Hoyt Plays,

Hoyt's "A Stranger in New York."

Funniest Comedy on the Stage.

Presented here with all the Scenery, Mechanical Effects and Costumes, precisely the same as given at Hoyt's Theatre, New York and Duke of York Theatre, London. fe 12 2t

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILROAD CO

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the passenger and freight stations of the Atlantic & Yadkin Railway, formerly the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, at the foot of Grace street in this city, will be closed at 10 00 o'clock A. M. February 15th, 1899; thereafter the passenger trains will arrive and depart from the Front street station of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company, and freight business will be transacted at the freight station of that Company.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 11th, 1899.
fe 12 3t

My! My! My! Such Prices.

HAMS, HAMS, HAMS.
At The Unlucky Corner.

NORTH CAROLINA HAMS

as pretty as can be	9 3-4c lb
Tropical Brand	9c lb
Gold Sand Brand	10c lb
Harvey's Springfield Brand	12 1-2c lb

Tell your neighbors about this.
It will only last three days.

☞ THEN SOMETHING ELSE. ☜

You wonder how I can do it.
Don't worry about that.

S. W. SANDERS.
fe 7 tf

E. R. POTATOES.

100 bags E. R. Potatoes.
75 bags Ohio Potatoes.
25 Picnic Cheese.
90 bags Java Rice.
50 barrels Carolina Rice.
15 boxes Peanut Candy.
25 tubs Broken Candy.
10 boxes Ball Candy.
50 pails Mixed Candy.
75 boxes Stick Candy.
90 bags Wheat Bran.
240 bales Hay.
700 bushels Corn.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
fe 8 tf Wilmington N. C.

Johnson & Fore

Will offer the well known brands of

Bleached Cotton

at the following prices

FOR THIS WEEK:

36 inch Fruit of the Loom Shirting 7c
36 " Lonsdale Shirting . . . 7c
36 " Masonville Shirting . . . 7c
36 " Hill Shirting 7c
36 " Wamsutta Shirting . . . 10c

Several pieces of Good

Crash at 5c per yard.

A Beautiful Line of

WASH FABRICS

just received.

Johnson & Fore.
fe 5 tf

"We Are the People"

Who have for sale 2000 bushels Texas Red Rust Proof

SEED OATS.

We have sold for ten years the well known brand of

"Q" FLOUR,

and guarantee the quality even and never changes—and has given universal satisfaction

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wholesale Grain, Provisions, &c.
ja 22 tf Nutt street, Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Bids will be received by James C Munds, Secretary of the Masonic Temple Corporation of Wilmington, N. C., up to 12 o'clock noon on February 25th, 1899, for the erection and completion of a Masonic Temple building, to be built in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by Charles McMillen, architect, Wilmington, N. C. No bids will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check for one per cent. of the amount of the bid, as an evidence of good faith, the same to be forfeited should the bidder (if awarded the contract) fail to enter into same.

The Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Plans may be seen, or copies of same obtained by applying to the architect.

JAMES C. MUNDS,
fe 11 2t Secretary.

"An Accidental Courtship."

This Entertainment will be given through Valentines, Monday Evening,

February 13th, at 8 P M., in Abbie Chadbourn Hall of First Presbyterian Church.

Refreshments served and Valentines for sale.

Recitation by Miss Worth. Vocal solo by Mrs. W. L. Latta. Proceeds for benefit of Sunday School Library.

ADMISSION, 10 CENTS.
ALL ARE WELCOME.
fe 10 3t

For Sale.

One Soda Water Fountain.

Tuft's make, Boston, Mass., known as "Magnolia."

Original cost	$1 300
Five charges, copper, original cost $40 each	200
Total cost	$1,500

Will sell the entire outfit at a sacrifice Rare Bargain. All in Good Order.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
fe 5 tf Wilmington, N. C

MULE FOR SALE.

One Good Farm Mule.

50 bags E. R. Seed Potatoes.
50 bags Early Ohio Seed Potatoes.
500 tons Gibbs' High Grade Guano.
500 tons Acid.
300 tons German Kainit.
Also a full line GROCERIES.

D. L. GORE,
fe 8 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers, delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs. Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1899.

BANK NOTE CIRCULATION.

One of the schemes for currency reform recommended by the House Committee on Banking and Currency is that the National Banks be permitted to issue notes to the full par value of the bonds deposited by them to secure circulation instead of only 90 per cent. as now. There are some differences of opinion in Washington as to what the probable effect of this would be, which is thus told by the Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, a very careful and well informed writer:

"Some of the advocates of the proposition, that circulation be raised to the par value of the bonds deposited as security, anticipate a very material increase in circulation if this provision can be enacted into law. The bond secured circulation on January 31st was $211,041,209. This would be increased by about $23,000,000, without any new deposit of bonds, if all the banks promptly took advantage of authority to raise circulation to par, as they probably would do. The advocates of raising circulation to par do not believe that the expansion would stop at this point. They estimate that many millions of bonds would be deposited by the banks to secure new circulation if the profit were increased by the proposed increase in the circulation allowed. This might be true of the bonds in the hands of the banks which are not now employed either for circulation or as the guarantee of public deposits. The amount of these increased materially after the last bond issne and stood on December 1, 1898, at $29,224,090. If circulation were issued upon all these bonds, with the issues to par upon those already deposited, there would be an addition of about $53,000,000 to the bank-note circulation. It is a somewhat disputed question how much beyond this the increase might go. The increased profit in circulation would undoubtedly have some effect in sending the banks into the bond market as purchasers, but if this effect were very marked it would increase the price of the bonds to an amount which would neutralize to some extent the increased profit upon circulation. It is believed at the Treasury, moreover, that a very large proportion of the bonds which are not in the hands of the banks are held in trust funds and by permanent investors, and would not be drawn into the market by a marginal increase of price. If the entire gain in circulation, including the $52,000,000 already referred to, reached $100,00,000, it would fulfil the expectations of many conservative students of the subject.

"An increase of $100,000,000 in the bank-note circulation would materially ease the money market in case of pressure next autumn and perhaps for two or three autumns. There is a further possible source of increase in the bank-note circulation, but it is not one which would certainly add to the currency in the hands of the public. This source of increase is the $73,652,420 in bonds owned by the banks but deposited in the Treasury on January 31 as the guarantee of Treasury funds which have been entrusted to the banks. These bonds might be largely used as the basis of new circulation if they were released, but their release would only occur in case the Treasury should withdraw from the banks the sum of $88,844,458 in Government funds which was in their hands on January 31. If the Treasury balance were reduced by this amount and the money put in general circulation, the bonds would afford the basis for a net increase in the money in the hands of the people. The public funds, however, are already in the money market by means of their deposit with the banks, and their withdrawal from the banks and disbursement by the Treasury would not increase the net circulation Locking them up in the Treasury for the purpose of releasing the bonds would leave the money in circulation no larger in amount than before. Only by a large reduction of the Treasury balance by actual disbursements in excess of receipts would it be possible to release the bonds with real benefits to the money market. An increase of $73,000,000 in the circulation in such a case would be of material importance, but all these combined possibilities of increase would hardly meet the demands of a growing volume of business for more than a few years. There is now no other method of increasing the monetary supply except by gold production and gold imports, and a sudden pressure for gold by means of high interest rates abroad would be offset by no responsive method of increasing the domestic circulation to fill the void unless the banks bid high prices for bonds. These resources for meeting the momentary demands of the future are not considered satisfactory by the advocates of monetary legislation, whatever brief period of time they may cover, because they do not tend to make the circulation in any way responive to business demands except under intense pressure."

We do not profess to be a financier, but we express the opinion of some who are regarded as financiers when we say that the National Bank system, which some call the best system ever devised in this country, is a mere makeshift, which was originally intended as a makeshift, to be only temporary, and which must in the nature of things be only temporary, unless the original plan be changed and some other security than United States bonds be adopted as a basis of circulation. Either that or a national debt, represented by bonds, must be made perpetual. But that would never be even suggested, although some may agree with the views of some of the English financiers when they declare that "a national debt is a national blessing." A national debt which carries with it interest bearing obligation is not and cannot be a national blessing, although it may be so regarded by the gentlemen who hold the obligations and draw the interest, which the toiling millions are taxed to pay. If *they* are the nation then it is a national blessing, otherwise not.

It is not a good system, because, under it the basis for circulation is speculative, fluctuates in value, and can be controlled by syndicates whose business it is to trade in bonds, and these syndicates have their headquarters in the money centers, which thus control the currency of the country, control it in their own interests and very often to the detriment of the business interests and to the interests of the country at large. This is the reason why money is plentiful in some sections of the country (where these syndicates operate) and scarce in others, why it commands only a very low rate of interest in those sections and a very high rate in others. They let it out at a low rate for a short time, where they can call it in when they choose, and a high rate when it goes out of their sight, and it cant't come in at all, thus pursuing the very opposite course of the money-lending institutions of Europe which, when they have trust funds, etc., to loan, offer the borrower who will take it for a long time special inducements in the low interest charges.

But if in all other respects the National Bank system met the requirements, (which it does not) there is one serious and vital objection to it and that is that under the conditions which created it and have since existed it is essentially sectional in effect if not so intended. It cannot in the nature of things become an effective system for the West and the South, for the reason which we have stated, namely, that the United States bonds which form the basis of note issues are controlled by the money combines of the country, which thus have a monopoly of the paper currency. The South and the West can have only as many banks and as much bank note currency as they are willing that the South or the West shall have, and they will never let us have enough to break the monopoly which they hold.

The only hindrance to their absolute monopoly now is the existence of these $346,000,000 of greenbacks which they are working to have retired and replaced by their own notes, which they may afterwards withdraw when they conclude that it is their interest to do so. There is nothing to prevent them from doing this or from arbitrarily contracting or expanding their circulation regardless of how other interests or the business of the country may be affected thereby.

That system, by whatever name it may be called, or however well managed it may be, or however secured its notes may be, which makes one section of the country dependent upon another section for the currency with which to carry on its business and develop its resources, is radically defective and that kind of a system the National Bank system is. The individual banks may be all right, and may render valuable service to the communities in which they are located, but the system as a national system is essentially bad.

DISEASE BREEDING CUBA.

When intervention by this country in behalf of Cuba was being agitated one of the strong arguments used in favor of intervention was that as a matter of self-preservation we should help to free Cuba from Spanish rule so that a more enlightened public policy might be established in that island, that it might become modernized and some attention be paid in the coast cities to sanitary regulations that would prevent the incubation of fatal diseases, which were carried from them to us and especially to the Southern sea ports, with which there is considerable traffic. It is a fact that nearly every epidemic of yellow fever that has appeared in the South has come from Cuba. This argument no doubt had some effect in hastening intervention.

Cuba is now free from Spanish rule, but we are confronted by the same danger, and will be even more so unless these Cuban seaport cities be thoroughly cleaned up and kept so. Dr. Fowler, for some time Chief Surgeon on General Lee's staff, but now a resident of Brooklyn, New York, writes about the filthy condition of these Cuban cities, and warns this Government that unless energetic efforts be made to improve them this country may expect to be visited by an epidemic of yellow fever next Summer, for the fever is there and is a permanent thing. The Cubans, he says, are indifferent to it for they are immunes, and consequently they are indifferent to the sanitary regulations that are necessary to prevent the disease. He, therefore, insists that it is the duty of th s Government, as a matter of protection to its own people, to inaugurate and carry out these sanitary regulations in its own way, and by Americans who understand what they have to do.

This man, who has been on the ground and knows what he is talking about, is writing as a citizen of this country in the interest of the people of our coast States, who should not be subjected to this great peril, which can and should be averted. With the greater intercourse which we may expect between our own and Cuban ports this peril becomes the greater.

WORKING IT FOR POLITICS.

We were told in the outstart of the war with Spain that there was no politics in it, and that was repeated frequently during the progress of the war, but there was politics in it all the same, and the Republican politicians and organs were quick to claim the victory over Spain as a triumph for their party.

Now they are playing the vote on the peace treaty for partisan purposes, and claiming the ratification as a party triumph. The New York *Sun* goes so far as to print the names of the Senators who voted against ratification under the heading, "Traitors!" calling attention to the fact that there were only five Republicans amongst them, but failing to mention the fact that there were ten Democratic Senators among the "patriots." Another rabid organ congratulates the country on the consoling fact (from its standpoint) that two-thirds of the Senate is still "patriotic." The New York *Tribune* on the same line views the votes of the Senators as voicing the people they represent. If this be true then this country is very far from being united on the question of expansion, while it was united on the war for Cuba.

If there be a division of sentiment since isn't it the result of the change of policy and the ignoring of the pledges made when the war with Spain began? If the advocates of expansion had been true to these pledges and had not yielded to the temptation to grab territory, which was never thought of until we got Spain under our feet, the American people would now be as united as they were when the war with Spain began and when the protocol for a cessation of hostilities was agreed upon.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Two persons will not be friends long if they cannot forgive each other little failings —*La Bruyere.*

— The man who has never been in danger cannot answer for his courage.—*La Rochefoucald.*

— In every action reflect upon the end; and in your undertaking it consider why you do it.—*Jeremy Taylor.*

— Christ is not only the incarnation of Diety, but the revealer of the possibilities of human nature when touched by the divine.

— Christianity will inevitably be be judged, not by the size of the size of the churches or the contents of the creed, but by the kind of character it turns out.

— Christian character is Christ in character, self-Christianized, and the men who posses this character are the conscience and glory of the society to which they belong.

— If some men could get a more correct estimate of their own abilities and adaptability, numerous pulpit committees would be saved from reading absured applications for vacant pulpits.

— Know the true value of time; snatch, seize and enjoy every moment of it. No idleness, no laziness, no procrastination; never put off till tomorrow what you can do to-day.—*Lord Chesterfield.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Stanly *Enterprise*: The Textile Excelsior says the first development of the water power on the Yadkin is to be a 60 foot dam, with wheel house, turbines, etc, to cost over $1,000,000.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut*: We are sorry to hear of the total destruction, by fire, of the residence of Geo. B. Cooper, Esq, at Hilliardston, which occurred last Saturday morning about two o'clock. The building was entirely consumed and all the furniture in the upper story burned. The loss is estimated at about $2,500.

— Wilson *News*: This Friday morning the report came to Wilson that a white man had been found dead on the Finch mill road, about two miles from town. Upon investigation it was discovered that his name was "Mink" Barnes, and that he left the home of a relative a little ways above the place where he was found dead, about 8 30 o'clock this morning. It is supposed that the deceased came to his death from heart failure.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The biggest freshet in years is now prevailing in the rivers and creeks in this section, and travel over every county road beyond such streams leading to this city is cut off. ——The postoffice at Faison was broken into Wednesday night and robbed of $15 in money. Mr. Geo. L. Giddens keeps the postoffice in his store and the robbers stole some shoes, a pair of gold spectacles, underclothing, socks, etc There were two strange negroes loafing about the town all day Wednesday. One of the negroes was a mulatto and wore a cap and the other was a black negro, about 6 feet high with large eyes and a scar over the right eye covered with a white piece of paper. These two are the supposed robbers.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOME TIME.

Some time, when all life's lessons have been learned,
And sun and stars forever more have set,
The things which our weak judgments here have spurned,
The things o'er which we grieved with lashes wet,
Will flash before us out of life's dark night
As stars shine most in deeper tints of blue;
And we shall see how God's plans were right,
And how what seemed reproof was love most true.

And we shall see, while still we frown and sigh,
God's plans go on as best for you and me;
How, when we called, He needed not our cry,
Because His wisdom to the end could see.
And e'en as prudent parents disallow
Too much of sweet to craving babyhood,
So God, perhaps, is keeping from us now
Life's sweetest things, because it seemeth good.

And if sometimes, commingled with life's wine,
We find the wormwood, and rebel and shrink,
Be sure a wiser hand than yours or mine
Pours out this portion for our lips to drink.
And if some friend we love is lying low,
Where human kisses cannot reach his face,
Oh, do not blame the loving father so,
But bear your sorrow with obedient grace!

And you shall shortly know that lengthened breath
Is not the sweetest gift God sends his friends,
And that sometimes the sable pall of death
Conceals the fairest boon His love can send.
If we could push ajar the gates of life,
And stand within, and all God's working see,
We could interpret all this doubt and strife,
And for each mystery could find a key.

But not to day. Then be content, poor heart;
God's plans, like lilies pure and white, unfold,
We must not tear the close-shut leaves apart—
Time will reveal the calyxes of gold.
And if, through patient toil, we reach the land
Where tired feet, with sandals loose, may rest—
When we shall clearly know and understand,
I think that we will say that "God knew best."

TWINKLINGS.

— The trust may yet be forced to have the courts declare beet sugar unconstitutional.—*Detroit Tribune.*

— It is equally true that governments get their authority from the sensible consent of the whipped.—*Judge.*

— Cecile—"What would you give to have such hair as mine?" Jeanne—"I don't know; what did you give?"—*Tit Bits.*

— Now that the press censorship is in good working order, the news from Manila is highly encouraging.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Tommy—"Paw, what does the paper mean by calling Mr. Bugghaus an 8x10 politician?" Mr. Figg—"I presume it means he is not exactly square."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Jones—"What do you think of a man who has to use a safety pin to connect his trousers with his suspenders?" Brown—"He should either get married or get a divorce."—*Puck.*

Johnny—"I think he's got an awful cheek!" Mamma—"I wouldn't use that expression, Johnny." Johnny (apologetically)—"I mean he's got an awful gall."—*Puck.*

— "I would like to interest you in our compressed air motor." "Compressed nothing! I wouldn't touch it with a ten-foot pole. I'm and expansionist."—*The Tribune, Chicago.*

— In the Near Future: "Got the latest accident?" "What is it?" "An autocab in trying to dodge an autoambulance ran into an autopatrol wagon!"—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Finesse—"Oh! She's so adroit in managing? She makes the most of everything." "Yes?" "Yes: I believe if there was a skeleton in her closet she'd use it for a cloke stretcher!"—*Puck.*

— A German paper contains the following unique advertisement: "Any person who can prove that my tapioca contains anything injurious to health will have three boxes of it sent to him free of charge."—*Tit-Bits.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The killing of 2,000 Filipinos, the wounding of 3,500 and the capture of 5,000, is herald as a great victory for our arms. But in one sense, and we think the true one, we got the worst of that battle. Who among us would give the lives of forty American citizens for those of all the Filipinos that could be shot down in a week?—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— Most of the great Trusts which are now springing up like toadstools in a night carry within their organization the seeds of early death. They invite competition by overcapitalization, which necessitates an undue increase in prices in order to pay dividends upon watered stocks. Collapse under such circumstances is certain, but the rascally managers are usually crafty enough to anticipate the crash, leaving their dupes to suffer.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

A Discouraging Outlook.

A little east end girl is noted for her sharp sayings, and they are really quite remarkable when her tender age is considered. She is just 6, but is as solemn at times as a judge on the bench. Not long ago somebody to tease her asked her if she ever expected to marry.

"Oh, yes," she answered, with her prematurely grave air, "I'll marry fast enough when the right man comes along."

Then she added, with her saddest intonation, "But I'm afraid the right men will all be dead by that time!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Plaster Statuary.

Many of the plaster of paris reproductions of fine statuary are a great addition to a library or sitting room and familiarize the younger members of the family with some of the best works of ancient sculptors. The glaring white tint of the plaster may be toned down by varnishing and then bronzing, or by giving them a coat of shellac thinned with varnish. Placed upon a bracket with a rich, dark background, they are exceedingly decorative.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NEW BICYCLE COSTUME FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

IT IS astonishing how much the outlines of golfing, bicycle and outing dresses change each year. The difference is so great that the new effect of this season's costumes will be immediately observed, and yet there is little change in the general description. A jacket and skirt still comprise the costume for the wheel; but the shape and length of these garments are materially altered. The tendency of the skirt is toward increased length and decreased width. The double-faced plaids are the favorite materials employed both for warmth and for beauty. They come in very brilliant colorings, with plain sides of brilliant blues and reds and ruddy browns, grays, and light tans. The materials out of which the original of our present model was formed was a Sandringham red on one side, with a reverse in which white, blue, and green played a large part The skirt is of the plaid, and is in three pieces, the front, and two side breadths which meet under a very slight pleat in the centre of the back, where narrow straps ornament and hold pleats together. The skirt opens in the front, but the flat buttons are concealed under a stitched fly at each side of the opening.

The jacket is of the plain material, the plaid forming the inside, and being used upon cuffs, lapels, and pockets, jacket dips slightly in the front, and is quite short in the back. The value of the box-sleeve in a bicycle costume is especially to be observed, since it does away with gathers in which the dust may settle. The only ornamentation on this costnme is the stitching about the lapped seams, and the three horn buttons which are seen on the left side. With a little ingenuity the purchaser of this pattern, which is published exclusively by HARPER'S BAZAR, where the costume appears, may vary it so as to present quite a different appearance from that of the present illustration. The skirt may, for instance, be made of plain red and trimmed with a deep plaid fold at the bottom, or the length of the jacket may be varied to suit individual taste.

To make this costum, as shown in illustration, for a person of medium size, it will require 4½ yards yards of double-faced material, 54 inches wide.

Gail Borden
Eagle Brand
Condensed Milk
HAS NO EQUAL AS AN INFANT FOOD.
"INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.
NEW YORK CONDENSED MILK CO.

Mysterious Ways of Warts.

"The more I study into the question of warts," said a well known physician, "the more convinced I am that there is but little known of them. It is surprising what few references are made to warts by the standard writers. In many of the leading books on surgery there is no mention at all of warts, and as a result physicians are almost as much in the dark about them as others. To tell the truth, I have got more information from old nurses about warts than I ever did from my medical or surgical lectures or from my reading. Hundreds and hundreds of times patients have asked me how to get rid of warts, and my answer has generally been to let them alone and that they would go away as mysteriously as they came. Of course I could cut them off or burn them off with caustic or nitric acid, but my experience has been that two or three came back for every one so removed.

"Some time ago I was visiting the wife of a southern senator, who had two grandchildren with her. One of the grandchildren had a big wart on the end of the forefinger of the right hand, and, of course, hit it every time the child touched anything. I was asked if I could do anything to remove it, and I replied, as usual, to let it alone and that in a short time it would disappear. This, however, was but little comfort to the lady, who said the child, a little boy of 4 years, was, she thought, in constant pain from it. I then told her that if she wished the wart from the little fellow and on herself it would likely change places, and that it would be necessary for her to 'wish very hard' to make a sure transfer. I had forgotten all about it till one day some months after, when I visited the lady again. Strange as it may sound, the wart had left the grandchild's finger and was on her own and giving her a great deal of pain too."—Washington Star.

Castle Used as a School.

The Rev. the Marquis of Normandy uses his ancestral mansion as a school. As Lord Mulgrave he evinced great interest in educating and training boys. As a teacher he began with the care of private pupils during his winterings on the Riviera. He continued the work at Mulgrave Cottage, and finally, since succeeding to the marquisate in 1890, has carried it on at his ancestral castle. In the spacious courtyard a schoolroom 60 feet long, 30 feet broad and 25 feet high has been built, and beyond this a chapel. Two old riding schools and other outbuildings have been transformed into a gymnasium, fives court and carpenter's shop, while close at hand are playing fields and bathing ground. These latter are screened from the castle lawns by thick shrubberies, and in the distance are the deer park and endless stretches of grouse moors belonging to the estate. The number of pupils does not exceed the limits of a single house at Eton, and at mealtimes Lord Normandy presides over his young charges and the members of his staff in the old dining hall.—London Correspondent.

Persuaded.

On one occasion, when John Kemble played Hamlet in the country, the gentleman who played Guildenstern rather fancied himself as a musician. Hamlet asks him, "Will you play upon this pipe?" "My lord, I cannot." "I do beseech you." "Well, if your lordship insists upon it"—And to the rage and confusion of Hamlet and the great amusement of the audience he tooted out "God Save the King!" with variations.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute		6
Standard		7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each		1 10
New New York, each		1 20
New City, each		1 20
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	18
Northern	20	22
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	49	50
Virginia Meal		50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔		
Northern Factory	10½	11½
Dairy Cream		11
State		10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	12	15
Rio	8	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		70
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	12
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5	10
Extra	4 25	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade		3 00
Choice		3 50
Straight	3 75	4 00
First Patent	4 50	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	75
Car-load, in bgs—White		50
Oats, from store	40	45
Oats, Rust Proof		45
Cow Peas	60	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted		8½
Dry flint		10
Dry salt		9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		
Clover Hay	50	75
Rice Straw	40	45
Eastern		75
Western		75
North River		75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	5	7
North Carolina	6	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead		25
Barbadoes, in barrels		28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		27
Porto Rico, in barrels		28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess		11 00
Rump		10 50
Prime		10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		1 10
Liverpool	72	80
American	70	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	5 50
Common	1 50	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	5¾
Standard A	5	5¾
White Extra C	5	5¾
Extra C, Golden		5
C, Yellow		4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		9 00
Mill, Prime		7 00
Mill, Fair		6 50
Common Mill	4 50	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	8 50
" Sap	5 00	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	5 00
" Sap	4 00	4 50
4x24 Heart	5 00	6 50
" Sap	5 00	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	3 00
North Carolina	1 00	3 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 43 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 42½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.40 for Dip and $2.40 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.20, $1.25; tar firm, 90c; crude turpentine, nothing doing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	34
Rosin	309
Tar	260
Crude turpentine	58

Receipts same day last year.—50 casks spirits turpentine, 414 bbls rosin, 217 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations: Ordinary 3 7-16 cts. ℔ ft
Good Ordinary 4 13-16 " "
Low Middling 4 7-16 " "
Middling 5⅜ " "
Good Middling 6 3-16 " "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—187 bales; same day last year, 567.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 55 to 60c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm; 42½ to 47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 30@1 32½. Spirits turpentine firm at 45@45½c.

CHARLESTON, February 11.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 42½; no sales. Rosin steady and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, February 11—Spirits turpentine firm at 42½c; sales 127 casks; receipts 162 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales; receipts 2,334 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The cotton market was an unusually small affair to-day as regards the volume of speculation, but throughout the short session the feeling was decidedly bullish with the general tendency of prices upward on covering by local and foreign shorts and stronger news from the cotton belt. The opening was steady with prices unchanged to two points higher. The Liverpool news averaged up better than anticipated. Snow, sleet and low temperatures still hold sway in the cotton region with every indication pointing to a continuance of these conditions for some time to come. Receipts were light. Spot markets were stiffening on increased demand, with the prices 1-16 to ⅛c higher. Rumors were in circulation to the effect that business had been done at Fall River in print cloths at an additional advance of ⅛c. Revised crop estimates continue to pour in from all sides with the average pointing to a total of 10,500 bales. The market for futures finished the day steady in tone at a net gain of 1 to 4 points.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 6½c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; February 6.23c, March 6.24c, April 6.21, May 6.23c, June 6.22c, July 6.23c, August 6.25c, September 6.14c, October 6.14, November 6.14c, December 6.17c.

Spot cotton market closed steady at 1 16c advance; middling uplands 6¼c; middling gulf 6¼c; no sales.

Net receipts 340 bales; gross receipts 340 bales; stock 99,541 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 15,637 bales; exports to Great Britain 20 687 bales; exports to the Continent 10,908 bales; stock 880,884 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 15,637 bales; exports to Great Britain 20 678 bales; exports to the Continent 10,908 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,928,728 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,830,424 bales; exports to France 614,485 bales; exports to the Continent 2,057,838 bales.

February 11.—Galveston, firm at 6 1-16c, net receipts 3,994 bales; Norfolk, steady at 6¼c, net receipts 654 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6¼c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6 7-16c, net receipts 1,955 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5¾c, net receipts 187 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6¼c, net receipts 100 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 1,421 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5 13-16c, net receipts 5,325 bales; Mobile, firm at 5¾c, net receipts 488 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 215 bales; Augusta, steady at 6¼c, net receipts 155 bales; Charleston, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 1,070 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

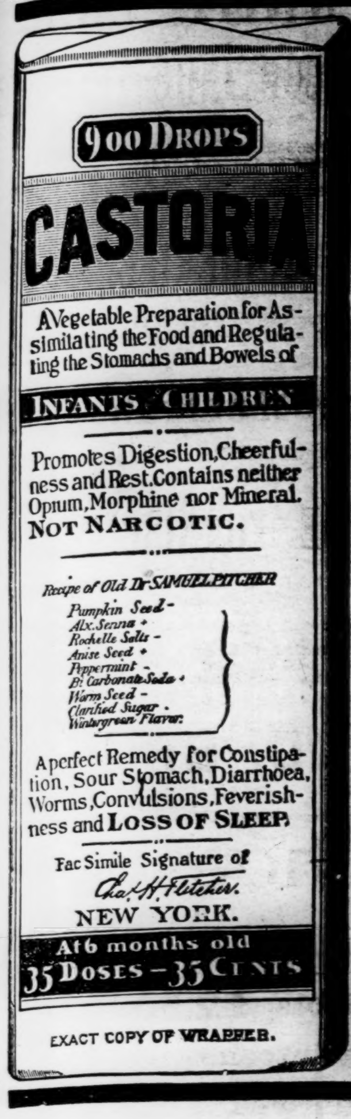
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Flour was inactive but steady; Minnesota $4 00@4 25. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 81½c; options opened firm and advanced on severe cold weather news, higher Liverpool markets and covering in anticipation of the holiday, closing firm at ½@1½c net advance: No. 2 red March closed 81c; May closed 77¼c; July closed 76¼c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 44½@45½c; options were strong all the morning, supported by reports of light receipts or good feeding demand West and general covering; closed firm at ½@½c advance; May closed 42¼c; July closed 42¾c. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2, 35c; options dull. Lard dull; Western steam closed $5 77½; city $5 20; February closed $5 75, nominal; refined quiet. Pork quiet; mess $9 50@10 25; short clear $10 50@12 00; family $10 75@11 00. Butter firm; Western creamery 16@22c; do. factory 11½@14c; Elgins 22c; imitation creamery 13@17½c; State dairy 13@20. Cheese steady; large white 10½c. Potatoes steady; New York $1 25@1 50; Long Island $1 50@2 00; Jersey sweets $1 25@2 50. Cotton seed oil—Market was inactive, but possessed of continued firmness; prime crude 20@23½c; butter grades 29@33c. Rice firm; domestic, fair to extra 4½@7c; Japan 5c. Cabbage dull at $2 00@4 00 per 100. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6½c; No. 7 jobbing 7c; mild dull; Cordova 7½@14c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5-16c; molasses sugar 3 9-16c.

CHICAGO February 11.—Numerous crop damage reports, light receipts, heavy clearances at the Atlantic coast and higher cables worked toward establishing better prices in the wheat pit yesterday. Shorts were forced to cover and May closed with a gain of ¼ and ¼c. Corn advanced ¼ and ⅛c and oats ¼ and ⅛c. Pork left off with an improvement of 10 to 12½ cents, lard 5 to 7½c, and ribs ⅛c.

CHICAGO, February 11.—Cash quotations: Flour steady; winter patents $3 80@3 90; winter straights $3 40@3 60; winter clears $3 30@3 40; spring specials $4 20; hard patents $3 60@3 70; soft patents $3 40@3 50; straights $3 20@3 40; bakers $2 40@2 60. Wheat—No. 2 spring 68@71½c; No. 3 do. 65@71¼c; No. 2 red 71½@73¼c. Corn—No. 2, 35¾@36¼. Oats—No. 2, free on board, 28½c; No. 2 white 31½c; No. 3 white 30¼@30¾c. Pork, per bbl, $8 95@10 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 32½@5 55. Short rib sides, loose, $4 75@4 95. Dry salted shoulders, $4 25@4 37½. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 05@5 15. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 23.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, May 73@73½, 73¾, 73, 73¾c; July 71¾@71¾, 72¼, 71¾, 71¾@72¼c. Corn—May 37¼@37¼, 37½, 37¼, 37½c; July 37½, 37¾@37¾, 37½, 37⅝@37¾c; September 38@38½, 38¼, 38



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Now is the Time

TO MAKE YOUR DEPOSITS IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Deposits Made on February 1st, Begin to Draw Interest on that Date at Rate of

FOUR PER CENT PER ANNUM.

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Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.

Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

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Send Us Your Orders

For Fresh

Cakes and Crackers, Cheese, New Catch Mullets.

ALSO, MEAT, MEAL, MOLASSES, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

And we will fill at Bottom Prices.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.

At Night!

You can't get a Doctor every time you want him, and some times you can't get in a Drug Store. So save yourselves all this bother and worry and purchase to-day a bottle of

Pyxis Croup Remedy, 35 cts.

Most drug stores keep it.

James D. Nutt, Proprietor.

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Seed and Fertilizers.

R. P. AND WHITE OATS.

Early Ohio, Houlton Rose and Early Rose Potatoes.

Kainit, High Grade Acid Phosphate, Dissolved Bone and other Guanos. Get the best.

HALL & PEARSALL,
fe 2 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

Barber Shop Removed.

JOHN E. COWELL has removed from 11 South Front street to 125 Princess street, between Front and Second, where he is prepared to serve his friends in a style that cannot be surpassed in the art tonsorial.

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EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL,

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

For Boys. The 60th year opens Sept. 28, 1898. Important additional improvements in buildings and equipment. Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. Blackford, M. A., Principal.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Big G — Trade Mark — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

LAFAYETTE'S GOOD MEMORY.

He Remembered a Room He Had Not Seen For Fifty Years.

Washington's headquarters at Newburg, a small old fashioned Dutch house, fronting the Hudson river, is now owned by the state of New York. In repairing it care was taken to preserve the ancient form of every part that was renewed. The front door opens into a large, square room, which was used by Washington for his public audience and as a dining hall. It is remarkable for having seven doors and only one window.

In a recent publication, "A Godchild of Washington," the author quotes from the New York Mirror for 1834 an interesting anecdote connected with this room. Its authority is Colonel Nicholas Fish, a soldier of the Revolution and the father of Hon. Hamilton Fish, secretary of state under President Grant.

Just before Lafayette's death he was invited with the American minister to dine at the house of Marbois, who was the French secretary of legation to the American colonies during the Revolution. When dinner was announced, the company were shown into a room which contrasted strangely with the elegance of the other apartments.

A low boarded, painted ceiling, with large beams, a single small, uncurtained window, with numerous small doors, as well as the general style of the whole, gave at first the idea of the kitchen or largest room of a Dutch or Belgian farmhouse.

On a rough table was a repast, which consisted of a large dish of meat, uncouth looking pastry and wine in decanters and bottles, accompanied by glass and silver mugs, such as indicated other habits and tastes than those of modern Paris.

"Do you know where you are?" said the host to Lafayette.

He paused for a few moments—he had seen something like this before, but when and where?

"Ah, the seven doors and one window! And the silver camp goblets, such as the marshals of France used in my youth!" exclaimed Lafayette. "We are at Washington's headquarters on the Hudson 50 years ago!"—Youth's Companion.

Malarial Parasites.

The tsetse fly disease of Africa has recently been shown by the researches of Bruce to be due to a flagellate infusorium which is found in the blood of infected animals. This disease is fatal to the ox, the horse, the dog, the sheep, and the ass, but not to the indigenous wild animals in the region infested by the tsetse fly. The researches of Bruce indicate that the fly acts as a carrier of the parasite from diseased to healthy animals. He has shown by experiment that after feeding on the blood of an infected animal the tsetse fly can communicate the disease to a healthy animal by its bite. After a short period of incubation the hæmatozoa appear in the blood concurrently with the development of fever, and followed by rapidly progressive anæmia, dropsy and death.

The so called "surra disease," which prevails in certain portions of India, is believed to be due to a similar parasitic protozoan (Trypanosma evansi). According to Lingard, this infusorium exists as an innocuous parasite in the blood of rats in India. It is not pathogenic, or only feebly so, for the native ox of India, but gives rise to a fatal infectious disease in horses, dogs and camels.—Surgeon General Sternberg in Popular Science Monthly.

Patti's Cook.

It would scarcely be exaggeration to say that some considerable credit in the matter of Mme. Patti's success is due to her very skillful cook, who has attended her now for many years past. Many singers get extremely fat, but Patti has kept her figure all through her 38 years of professional life. Her cook is said to be in his own way a perfect genius. Some years ago, when Patti and her husband were occupying a suit of rooms at the Midland hotel, London, one of the items on her daily bill of fare consisted of a jelly made out of no less than 18 pounds of the best meat procurable.

The largest kitchen in the world is in that great Parisian store the Bon Marche, which has 4,000 employees. The smallest kettle contains 100 quarts and the largest 500. Each of 50 roasting pans is big enough for 300 cutlets.

"The highways of literature are spread over," says Holmes, "with the shells of dead novels, each of which has been swallowed at a mouthful by the public and is done with."

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

IN THE BLIZZARD.

When Ben asked her if she would marry him, she said "No!" After this she tempered the refusal a little by explaining to him that she liked him quite as well as anybody, but she had certain ideas about independence and winning her own way in the world, and she wanted to be free to follow those to their logical conclusion. Ben Howard did his best to prove to her the futility of these notions and wasted a good deal of valuable time in the effort.

When he saw that no eloquence of his was likely to make Susie Barton change her mind, he packed together his few belongings and started toward the land on which his eyes had long and longingly been set—the Dakotas.

It was a hard task to which he had set his hand, to carve a home from the broad prairie and to be alone in the doing of it. He had not much money, and so went where land was cheap, far beyond the outpost of settlers. He took up his claim and paid his entry fee, that gave him the right to call the land his own, and built a rude hut of sods.

Howard's first year's crops had done well, and after the winter was on he permitted himself to add some comforts to the bare equipment of his home and bought some books and prepared to get through the dreary, lonesome time as best he could.

The long, cold winter of the north was fairly on when Howard, looking from his door one morning, saw smoke ascending from the schoolhouse chimney for the first time.

"So they have found a teacher," he said to himself. "I suppose it is all right. But I dare say it's a girl—they always get girls out here—and she's bound to have a hard time of it. Girls that have to earn their own living ought to stay east. It's bad enough out here for a man."

The snows came, and the whole rolling plain lay white and glistening from horizon to horizon. The cattle had been brought in from the fields and hidden in the sheds that now were covered with the snow, and so made only little hillocks in the land.

One day Howard looked in his flour barrel and in his potato sack and found that supplies were getting low. It was ten miles to the nearest town. Early the next morning he hitched up his team and started off, on the way passing the schoolhouse. There a boy was just starting the fires. He had hardly completed his errands in the town and started back when a sudden storm came up, a terrible blizzard, such as only the wide plains of the frozen north can know. It would have been the part of wisdom for Howard to turn and get to shelter as quickly as he could in the town.

But somehow the thought of the schoolmistress and her little charges had been on his mind all day. He did not know who she was, had never heard her name, had seen her only across the distance of the white fields, but he knew she was a woman who was struggling alone to make her way in the world. This fact appealed to him.

The storm had come so suddenly that no one would dare to venture out until its fury was spent. The girl and her pupils would be alone in the schoolhouse, prisoners perhaps for many terrible hours. Even the people nearest would not dare try to make their way there, for they could not hope to battle against the blinding, driving, freezing storm. As for Howard, he was already in the fight, and it was only a question whether he should try to return to town or push on a few miles farther. He felt instinctively that a man was needed at the schoolhouse. He pushed steadily forward.

The snow drove about him and covered the track and blinded him. It stung where it struck his face and hands. It froze upon his beard and upon the harness of his horses. More than once he thought he had lost the way and halted and groped about for the road. He became chilled, so that he could hardly move, could hardly guide his horses. Once he felt it was no use to battle further and stopped, and the storm raged about him. But he knew it was cowardly to give up, so he urged the horses forward again. Then he sank into a lethargy, and the cold began to do its work upon him. Suddenly he was aroused. The horses had stopped, and a house loomed up before him, dimly seen through the storm. Howard drew up his stiffened limbs and stumbled from the wagon and threw himself against the door. It opened, and he half fell inside, carrying with him great gusts of chilling wind and snow.

As soon as he had brushed the snow from his eyes and become used to the dim light of the room this is what he saw: A dozen children huddled about a stove, in which there was only the least spark of fire, and a woman standing upright, looking at him with white face, but with an intensity of questioning that seemed to ask if he were man or ghost. Half dazed with cold and suffering as he was, that look brought him to himself. He said but one word, "Susie!" and opened his arms. And the next moment he held her to him and was pressing his frozen beard against her cheek.

A man may be warmed from within as well as from without. He forgot his hours of suffering and battling with the storm. He put aside her questioning and all thought of himself. The fire in the stove gave out only the least glimmering of heat. The fuel was all gone, and the children shook with cold. Howard seized the ax and, going out into the storm, once more began to demolish his wagon. From it he made a great armful of firewood and brought it in, and he added it on the fire. Then he managed to get his horses out of the harness and brought them into the schoolroom. Then he sat down with Susie to talk—and to wait. It was quite night when the last stick from his wagon had burned and the storm abated. Then from all about anxious parents came streaming toward the schoolhouse, plowing their way through drifts, and, finding their children safe, were glad to join in the congratulations that Howard frankly told them were in order.

It was not very difficult now to persuade Susie to give up her idea of making her own way in the world. But the children were not willing to give up their teacher. So a compromise was effected, after the wedding, by moving the schoolhouse over on to Howard's claim. And there for many a day Susie taught, while Howard tilled his land, and together they built a home that was in every way deserving of that name, which was much better, I protest, than if each continued alone.—James Knap Reeve.

Queer Orders For Books.

Some of the orders for books sent to London publishers by country correspondents are highly amusing. One bookseller wrote for a work of Harry Stockles, when he wanted something of Aristotle's; another, who wanted "Gaudeamus," by Farmer, asked for "God Aim Us, by a Farmer," and a third sent a request for "Pharaoh's Life of Christ," when he wanted Dean Farrar's celebrated work.

LOOKING GLASSES.

Backed With Pure Silver Now Instead of With Mercury.

"How is a looking glass made?" was the question recently put by a writer to a large manufacturer of mirrors in New York.

"Well," replied the manufacturer, "most of the glass used in this trade is prepared for us at a molding factory, and we merely cut, bevel and silver it in our works. All the bevels are cut in the same way—first with sand and water, then on an emery wheel and afterward put through several processes to bring back the polish.

"Great improvements have been made in this line of business in the last 16 years. Formerly it took two or three days from the time work was begun on a mirror before it could be finished. Nowadays we can get the glass in the morning and make it into a looking glass perfectly finished and ready for sale before night. We make all sizes, from the smallest hand glass of 2 by 4 inches to a mirror 10 by 20 feet, or even larger, and we have a capacity of turning out 3,000 feet a day.

"Not many years ago the backs of mirrors were coated with mercury. Now sheets of pure silver are used instead. The old looking glass reflected 60 or 65 per cent of the light that fell upon it; the modern mirror reflects nearly 95 per cent. The mercury looking glass was very liable to rub off. Heat and cold also affected it. The quicksilver would crack or melt, and thus the beauty of the glass would be spoiled. None of these dangers threatens the silvered mirror. Besides mirrors, those engaged in this line of business cut a great deal of beveled glass for doors and windows. In fine buildings this is largely taking the place of stained glass."—Washington Star.

INCASED IN SHELLAC.

Ridiculous Position of a Man Whose Wife Made a Mistake.

Something like a year ago information came to The Mail and Express office that a man living on the upper west side had met with a singular and most unusual accident and that a description of it might prove of interest. I called at the address given to make an investigation and found that Peter H. George, a Greek butcher, who was subject to inflammatory rheumatism, had called upon his wife the night before to give him a vigorous rubbing with alcohol. Mrs. George went to a dark closet and picked out the bottle which she thought contained alcohol, but which was half full of liquid shellac.

With this she rubbed her husband's body from neck to waist, repeating the operation a couple of hours afterward. Mr. George went to sleep much refreshed. When he awakened in the morning, he found himself incased in a shell. Perspiration had been checked, and he felt decidedly uncomfortable.

The German servant who furnished these particulars said that a physician was expected in a few minutes, and from the manner in which she expressed herself I came to the conclusion that Mr. George was dead, and that an autopsy was to be performed.

"Yust as zoon as der dogder kooms," said the girl, "he vill oben Mr. Shorch."

"When did Mr. George die?" I asked.

"Die?" echoed the girl. "Mr. Shorch has not die."

Just at that moment there was a roar from an inner room. "Gretchen," shouted a male voice, "I'm tired of waiting for that doctor. Get me the cold chisel and a hammer, and I'll do it myself."

"Is that Mr. George speaking?" I inquired.

"Yaw," was the reply. "He vas madt alretty. Dot dogder, he didn't koom kervick. Mr. Shorch will oben hisself alretty yedt."

I was unable to understand how a man could perform a post mortem examination upon himself, which this last response indicated that he intended to do, and asked if I might step in and see him. I found Mr. George sitting in a rocking chair stripped to the waist. His body was a light brown in color and highly glazed. He very courteously explained the particulars of the accident that had befallen him and said that he had been waiting two hours for the doctor to come with a solvent, but now he was impatient to get out and thought he would try to crack his shell with a cold chisel. It is needless to say that this operation was a failure and caused great profanity on the part of the patient when he attempted to dig the veneer off his spinal column.

The doctor came at last and melted Mr. George's case sufficiently to permit him to dress and go out. He now keeps the alcohol and the shellac in different closets.—New York Mail and Express.

Scrofula

With Following Symptoms:

Small, hard, movable kernels, or swellings on the neck, eyelids red, and thick with mucous discharges, running sores in the ears, enlarged glands, abscesses and scrofulous sores

CURED BY

Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.)

THE GREATEST BLOOD REMEDY.

Cause of the disease and words of praise from those who were cured.

Scrofula is inherited usually from one or both parents having blood poison This proves that the cause of the disease is inward, from a poisoned condition of the blood.

Enlarged glands and abscesses, rickets, white swelling and sore ears very frequently accompany the disease. **To cure scrofula and its symptoms** requires a blood remedy that is tried and true, and that remedy is Botanic Blood Balm (B. B B.). It mixes with the impurities of the blood in such a way that the poison, from which scrofula and its symptoms originate, is expelled from the system through the sweat glands and excretory organs. This medicine has made many hundreds of cures during the last 17 years since it has been on the market, and the following are a few cases which we print so as to give hope of a cure to others similarly afflicted:

SCROFULOUS BREAKING OUT ON THE SKIN.

Mr. M. J. Rossman, Greensboro, Ga., writes: "I have a lady friend who has been entirely cured of an ugly scrofulous breaking out of the skin by the use of two bottles of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which effected an entire cure. I know of several cases of blood diseases cured speedily by the use of B. B. B."

FOUL SCROFULOUS ULCER CURED BY B. B. B.

ATLANTA, GA., July 2.

"I have been troubled with a running scrofulous ulcer on my leg, which has confined me to bed for over a month at a time, and had to be lanced in new places that broke out. Several doctors endeavored to cure it, and numerous recommended articles were used, but everything failed. During the present year I sent to the city for a physician, who lanced the ulcer, which ran near one pint of pure matter. Poultices were then applied and the doctor recommended the use of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) at once. I commenced its use, and three bottles have effected a cure. Before one bottle had been used the ulcers commenced healing, and my general health improved.

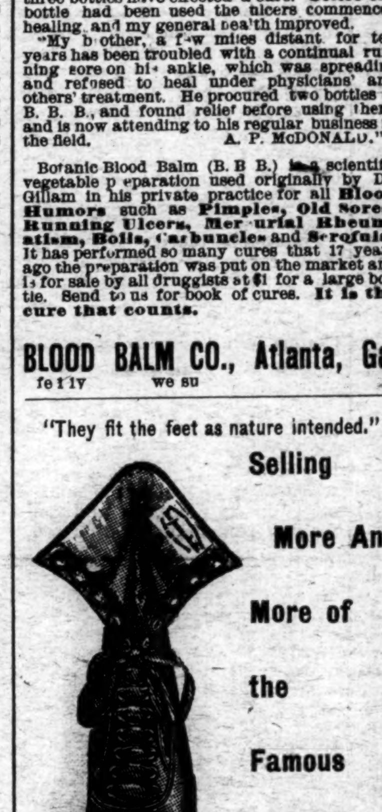
"My brother, a few miles distant for ten years has been troubled with a continual running sore on his ankle, which was spreading and refused to heal under physicians' and others' treatment. He procured two bottles of B. B. B., and found relief before using them, and is now attending to his regular business in the field. A. P. McDONALD."

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B B.) is a scientific vegetable preparation used originally by Dr. Gillam in his private practice for all **Blood Humors** such as **Pimples, Old Sores, Running Ulcers, Mercurial Rheumatism, Boils, Carbuncles** and **Scrofula.** It has performed so many cures that 17 years ago the preparation was put on the market and is for sale by all druggists at $1 for a large bottle. Send to us for book of cures. **It is the cure that counts.**

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

fe 1 ly we su

"They fit the feet as nature intended."



Selling More And More of the Famous "Jenness Miller" Shoes!

Ladies who have worn them return and speak of them in the highest terms! Early buyers are sending their friends!

Only woman's Shoe made that "fit the feet as nature intended."

Just as graceful as they are comfortable; worn and admired by young and old alike.

Only to be had of us in this city!

Only $3.50.

MERCER & EVANS.
115 Princess street.

fe 10 st fr su we

A SPRING SUIT

OR OVERCOAT IS WHAT EVERY MAN IS THINKING OF NOW, UNLESS HE HAS ALREADY PROVIDED HIMSELF WITH ONE.

IF YOU WANT THEM TO BE PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY IN CUT, FIT AND MATERIAL, WE WILL GUARANTEE THAT WE CAN PLEASE THE MOST FASTIDIOUS.

OUR NEW STOCKS OF SUITING AND TROUSERING ARE HANDSOME AND UP-TO-DATE.

Balance of Winter Underwear at COST. Save money by buying, and carry over until next season.

M. H. CURRAN,
fe 5 tf 107 Princess street.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

. . . GREAT CASH

SALE OF FURNITURE

Damaged by Fire and Water.

EVERYTHING ON OUR THREE FLOORS WILL BE SOLD

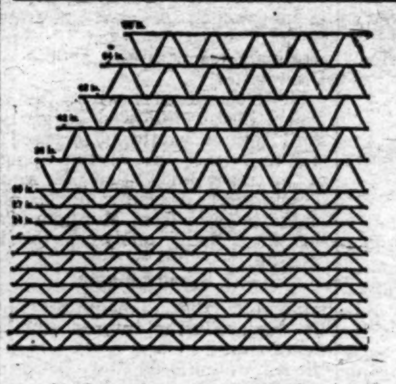
REGARDLESS OF WHAT THEY COST.

Friends in adjoining towns and country will find this an opportunity seldom afforded.

First come, first served.

THE SNEED CO.

fe 9 tf



The Hartman Woven Wire Fencing

IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

ja 15 tf

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.,

114 North Front St.,

Dealers in

HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
TINWARE,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

PLUMBING,

TIN AND METAL WORKERS.

de 31 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Dec. 1st, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES		
Loans		$659,283 50	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts secured by collateral		10,480 58	Surplus		70,000 00
Overdrafts unsecured		377 33	Undivided profits		19,564 01
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,600 00	Circulation		40,950 06
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Deposits, U. S. Treasurer	$ 50,000 00	
Due from app'd reserve agts	$156,143 52		" from banks	190,207 20	
Due from other Banks	$165,220 57		" Individuals	666,562 36	906,769 56
Cash on hand	65,178 27	386,542 16			
Total		$1,162,283 57	Total		$1,162,283 57

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	Dec. 1, '97.	Dec. 1, '98.
Total Deposits	$678,000	$906,700
Surplus and Net Profits	76,100	89,500

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892 de 7 tf

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE NOLAN COTTAGE AT Carolina Beach with one acre of ground. This is a good chance for any one desiring a pleasant home and to raise truck for Summer residents on the Beach. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

ja 8 tf

Press Boy Wanted.

A boy who knows how to feed Job Presses and is willing to wk'orax days in the wee may secure employment by applying at the

ja 18 tf STAR OFFICE

SEABOARD AIR LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M. Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:38 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect November 20th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 00 M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 20 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 28 "
Leave Sanford	1 50 "
Leave Climax	3 44 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 15 "
Leave Greensboro	4 25 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 12 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 44 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 13 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 Daily.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOMND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

no 23 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA .... Saturday, February 11
GEO. W. CLYDE .... Saturday, February 18

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE .... Saturday, February 11
ONEIDA .... Saturday, February 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE .... Tuesday, February 7
ONEIDA .... Tuesday, February 14

No passenger boats.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. fe 5 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Feb. 6, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.26 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.23 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8 48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.35 P. M. Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10 25 A. M. Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7 01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M., Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.18 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6 57 P. M., Kinston 7 55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11 00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10 10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.32 A. M., Dillon 10.44 A. M., Rowland 11.01 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.20 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Hartsville —— P. M., Bennettsville 9.15 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.20 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.45 A. M. Bennettsville 7.10 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.02 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 2.15 P. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9 15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11 15 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M., 12.01 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.01 A. M., Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 12.25 P. M., Smithfield 1 43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.55 P. M., arrive Wilson 1.06 P. M., 11.59 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 9.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

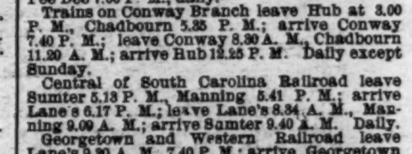
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.25 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.30 P. M., arrive 4.10 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
fe 9 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 13	....
5 38	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1899.

FILIPINOS' VERSION OF OUTBREAK OF HOSTILITIES.

Aguinaldo's Statement as to the Fighting, the Losses on Both Sides, and His Purpose.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Several dispatches have been received here from Filipino sources, dated from Manila, via Hong Kong and giving the rebel version of the outbreak of hostilities. A Filipino dispatch, dated Manila, February 7, says:

"On Sunday a force of Americans attacked simultaneously Caloocan and Santa Mesa. Two American warships were off Malabon and Malate and a small gunboat was in the Pasig river to protect the American flank. For several days previously the Americans had been endeavoring to provoke hostilities and peace was maintained only by the rigorous order of Aguinaldo who was negotiating with General Otis for an honorable understanding.

"The American attack was unexpected. The ships destroyed all the villages between the shore and the Pasig river within an area between Malate, Paranaque San Pedro and Mocato. Crossing the river, the Americans advanced to San Juan del Monte, capturing the water-works after a severe fight. They then proceeded to Singalon, establishing themselves on the river dam. They tore up a mile of the rails of the Caloocan-Malolos line and cut up a telegraph in order to stop communication with Aguinaldo.

The Filipino Forces

engaged only numbered seven thousand, including one thousand Ygorotes. Acting upon instructions from Malolos, the Filipinos remained strictly on the defensive and finally retired in good order without any loss of arms, artillery or ammunition. Two old Krupps, of an obsolete pattern, mounted on the fortress of San Antonio, were captured. The fighting was very stubborn and lasted continually from Saturday to Tuesday.

"General indignation has been occasioned by the treachery of the American surprise. The Filipinos believe that the Yankee administration is only favored by a minority of Americans, and only abstain from taking the offensive in order to show their gratitude to the American nation for helping them to get rid of Spanish rule. Hence they will only fight when attacked, and their future action depends upon the decision of the United States.

"Aguinaldo declares that the real enemies of peace are the American officers in the Philippine islands.

The Statement of Losses.

"The Filipino loss to date is 1,050 killed and wounded, including 600 Ygorotes, who were barbarously mowed down even when the Americans saw they were only armed with bows and arrows. They fought with heroic courage.

"The American dead include one colonel, 46 other officers and 195 rank and file, over 500 wounded and 300 prisoners. General Otis proposed an exchange of prisoners, and to this the Filipinos agreed, paroling the prisoners.

"The Filipino forces south of Manila are concentrating at San Mateo, Antipolo and Cainta, whence they will besiege Manila. The Americans are now fixing the limits of their sphere of occupation. It will extend all along the coast from Paranque to Malabon, on the shore, and from Caloocan to Mainbuga and Macate.

"There is a great deal of apprehension among the Americans, who are searching all the houses, confiscating all weapons, including table cutlery, and summarily shooting in the streets all possessors of arms. These actions have resulted in sanguinary street fights at San Palo, Lomarm, Binando and Manila, caused by hatred of the American soldiery. The latter are imprisoning non-combatants as prisoners of war and in revenge the Filipinos kill Americans in the streets, but are respecting other foreigners.

"Inform the American Senate and Congress of these events, and tell them the Filipinos are friends of America, but will fight against military despotism.

"Agoncillo, the Filipino delegate, will ask for European intervention in the interests of peace. In the meantime the Filipinos will fight.

"A schooner laden with ammunition has been captured, but two others have arrived safely and have discharged their cargoes. Aguinaldo is on his way here. He will recapture the lost positions in a guerilla warfare and commence a general attack.

The government and Congress of Malolos are acting as usual and have passed a vote of confidence in Aguinaldo."

EMBALMED BEEF INQUIRY.

War Department Pushing Preparations for the Court Ordered by President McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The preparations for the court of inquiry into General Miles' charges concerning the character of the army beef are being pushed at the War Department with the greatest expedition. It is stated at army headquarters that all the information General Miles had obtained from officers' reports and other sources on the character of the meat had been transmitted to the war investigation commission before that body adjourned. From the commission it was returned to the War Department, and thence will be transmitted to the court of inquiry.

Col. Geo. B. Davis, the judge advocate of the court, was at the War Department to day making preparations for the session of the court, and later in the day went to the Agricultural Department where the analyses of the army meat were made, to look into that end of the proceedings, with a view to determining how far the experts of the Department might aid the court in thoroughly probing the matter under consideration.

Cuban generals and soldiers who were to take part in the funeral procession of General Garcia, withdrew because they were not allowed to march between Governor General Brooke and his staff. The incident has caused intense feeling among the Cubans, who, it is said, will probably appeal to the President.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

AMERICANS PUSH THE FIGHTING.

Attacked the Filipinos' Entrenched Forces Between Caloocan and Maloban.

ENEMY SPEEDILY DRIVEN OUT

Americans' Loss Slight—Further Particulars of Friday's Engagement—Three Americans Killed—Manila Quiet and Business Better.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON February 11.—General Otis had another victory to record this morning, and though the action before Caloocan did not result in as heavy a loss to the American side as the battle last Saturday night and Sunday morning, it is believed to have been quite as important in results. Caloocan is on the line of railroad connecting Manila with Malolos; the insurgent capital and it may be that this capture of the first named town will make it possible to advance rapidly by rail upon the insurgent headquarters, if it shall be deemed necessary to force the fighting and undertake the capture of Aguinaldo. The officials here were encouraged to day by General Otis' quotations of the opinion of credible persons—Filipinos, it is understood—to the effect that Aguinaldo no longer has the power to keep the insurgents under his lead, as this points to an early submission of the insurgents to the American government. None will be allowed to come to Manila, however, until they have laid down their arms for good. As for Aguinaldo, it is now believed that he will refuse to the last to make terms that would meet with the approval of General Otis and that when the insurrection falls through he will make his escape to the continent rather than remain in Luzon.

MANILA, Feb. 11, 2:30 P. M.—Early to day the monitor Monadnock and the cruiser Charleston began dropping shells into the rebel camp between Caloocan and Malabon.

The enemy's sharpshooters in the jungle on the American left had been particularly annoying since daylight, so the Third artillery drove the rebels out of the jungle at noon.

Bass, an artist representing *Harper's Weekly*, was shot in the arm yesterday. The loss of the enemy is fully fifty killed and wounded to one American killed or wounded.

5:20 P. M.—The heat to-day knocked out many more of our men than did the Filipino bullets, especially in the marshlands and north of Balabon, where the Kansas regiment was stationed. Fully a score of them were taken to the hospital. Among the incidents of the day, it is cited that privates Hartley and Fitch, of the Thirteenth Minnesota regiment, were both wounded in the legs by the same bullet, and private Mitchell, of the Kansas regiment, while assisting a couple of men to the rear, was shot in the left arm.

The railroad is now open to Caloocan and supplies for the troops are being forwarded by rail.

Particulars of Friday's Battle.

MANILA, February 11.—11.55 A. M. The following additional particulars regarding the capture of Caloocan have been obtained.

The insurgents had been concentrating their forces for days at Caloocan and Major General Otis, the American commander here, determined to attack them. He instructed his commanders accordingly, and requested the assistance of the naval forces under the command of Rear Admiral Dewey. Major General MacArthur reported that all was ready and at 3 o'clock he received the following message:

"The commanding General orders you to go ahead with the programme.
(Signed.) "BARRY."

The attack began immediately. The monitor Monadnock and the cruiser Charleston shelled Caloocan and the country north of it for half an hour. General MacArthur's artillery also did effective work from a hill in the rear.

Enemy Routed and Fled.

Brigadier General Harrison Gray Otis, with his brigade, consisting of the Kansas regiment, the Montana regiment and the Third artillery (regulars), acting as infantry, advanced handsomely, pushing forward in the face of the Filipino bullets as cheerfully as if they had been snowballs. The enemy was utterly routed and fled to the mountains. At 6 o'clock "cease firing" and "recall" were sounded. The troops were then well through Caloocan and north of it. General MacArthur established his left at Caloocan and strengthened his lines for the night.

By the capture of Caloocan the control of much of the rolling stock of the Manila-Dagupan railroad will be obtained.

The city is now quieter and business is better than at any time since the outbreak of hostilities.

The American Losses

yesterday were three men killed and thirty-two wounded. Among the latter are gallant Lieutenant Colonel Bruce Wallace, of the Montana regiment, and a lieutenant of the Second cavalry, who was shot through the lung while leading a charge across the open ground. The enemy lost heavily.

Another Account.

LONDON, February 11.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company, from Manila, describing the capture of Caloocan, dwells upon the excellence of the American plans and the precision with which they were carried out. The dispatch adds:

At 4 P. M. the American ships ceased firing. Then the army fired three guns, at an interval of ten seconds, signalling the advance of the whole line, the Kansas regiment leading through the jungle. The rebels' left wing was diverted by Major Bell and a hundred men. It was like clock work. There was no hitch anywhere. The rebels, estimated to have numbered ten thousand men, were demoralized by the shells. The Americans advanced in open order. At 500 yards there was a halt and then a charge, and the rebels stampeded from their trenches, which were admirably constructed. The Americans refrained from wasting ammunition, but rushed on without firing and used their bayonets and the butts of their rifles. There was heavy slaughter.

The railroad is practically uninjured. To-day the ships are shelling beyond Caloocan. The Americans will probably reach Malabon to-day and Malolos in a fortnight.

Filipinos' Report of the Fight.

Dispatches to the *Globe* from Hong Kong say the Filipino junta there has received, by steamer from Manila, further news of the recent fighting.

The Filipino agents say the Americans placed vessels along the shores of the bay and commenced hostilities "unexpectedly at midnight on Saturday, simultaneously bombarding the defenceless towns of Malate and Malabon."

The agents of the rebels also say: The slaughter of women and children was frightful, the Americans burning and devastating all before them, conducting a war of extermination and shooting every Filipino. The agents of the Filipinos declare their intention of "appealing to Christendom," and say their indignation against the Americans is intense.

Dispatch From Otis.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The War Department to-day received the following dispatch from General Otis:

"*Manila February 11.*—MacArthur's division is north of Pasig river. Yesterday his left wing, Otis' brigade, made a partial wheel to the right, resting the left of the brigade on Caloocan, where the insurgents who were in considerable force were sharply driven, leaving a good many dead. Troops in excellent condition, supplied with all necessities. The hospitals, notwithstanding the wounded, have fewer patients than before engagements of the 4th and 5th instants. Yesterday's engagement was most successful. It is the belief of old residents that Aguinaldo will be unable to gather in future any considerable force."

Another Brush With the Filipinos.

MANILA, Feb. 12, 1.15 A. M.—Yesterday (Saturday) afternoon a reconnoitering party of the Fourteenth infantry came upon a large body of the enemy in the jungle near Camp Dewey. The rebels were attacked and fell back upon the main line of the insurgents The Fourteenth infantry, the North Dakota volunteers and the Fourth cavalry then engaged the enemy and drove them toward the beach, where one of the gunboats received them with a fusilade from automatic Colt guns The enemy's loss is severe, and they scattered along the beach, seeking cover from the fire of the Americans. Privates Ransom, Hensel and Saunders of Company F, of the Fourteenth infantry and two troopers of the Fourth cavalry were wounded. The bodies of two members of the California regiment were subsequently found in the bush to the right of the line. They had been shot to pieces by the enemy.

COLD WAVE CONTINUES.

Temperature at Washington, D. C., Fifteen Below Zero—Freezing in Florida—Storm on the Gulf Coast.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The Weather Department to-night issued the following:

While the cold wave continues generally east of the Rocky Mountains, except in Florida, it has been characterized by a remarkably low temperature in the vicinity of Washington and a further fall in the Carolinas. In the latter districts from two to twenty degrees below the freezing point, while at Washington this morning the minimum temperature was fifteen degrees below zero, one degree lower than the lowest previous record, which was fourteen degrees below zero on January 1, 1881.

In the Mississippi valley there has been another fall, of from six degrees to ten degrees, except in the central portion, and the temperatures ranged from six degrees to fourteen degrees below zero, a fall since last night of from six degrees to sixteen degrees.

In the lower Missouri valley, middle slope and the Southwest, temperatures have fallen from ten degrees to forty degrees. The zero line extends to the northern border of Texas, and there was a severe norther from Nebraska and Colorado southward warnings of which were issued Friday and Friday night. On the Gulf coast temperatures are again four to eight degrees below the freezing point, while in the West and Northwest they are from eighteen to thirty degrees below zero. At Havre, Mont., this morning, the temperature was forty degrees below zero, while from the lower Mississippi valley southwestward in Northeastern Texas, temperatures are from two degrees to twelve degrees below any previous record for the second decade of February.

A remarkable feature of this cold wave has been the abnormally high pressure of the past two days. From Nebraska northward and northwestward the barometer has read thirty-one inches or over, with a maximum reading this morning of 31.42 inches in southern Assiniboine.

The cold weather will continue, and there will be a decided fall in temperature on the Gulf coast, with freezing weather. In the north third of Florida, freezing weather is probable Sunday night, and advisory messages to this effect have been issued. In the extreme Northwest some moderation of the extremely cold weather is probable.

Cold wave signals are displayed on the Gulf coast from Pennsacola to Brownsville, and at Meridian and Montgomery, and storm northeast signals on the Gulf coast from New Orleans to Brownsville.

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

Three Negroes Taken From Jail at Leesburg by a Mob—Governor Ordered Troops to the Place.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Feb. 11.—A telephone message at midnight from Leesburg, says a mob took three negroes from the jail there late to-night and lynched them. The message did not say where the mob had come from, but was to the effect that they were seemingly well organized, and on reaching the jail immediately demanded the keys. The keys were delivered after a short parley with the sheriff, and the mob entered the jail. Three negroes were secured, according to the telephone advices, and the mob started for the woods with them.

The three black men were concerned in the outrage of Mrs. Maroney, which was one of the most atrocious crimes of the century. John Maroney is a school teacher, near Leesburg. Late in December last his house was entered by "Cupid" Redding and two companions. The leader of the black trio ordered Mrs. Maroney to tie her husband's hands behind his back, after which they bound him to a bed. The negroes then ransacked the house, and having completed this part of their work, Redding outraged Mrs. Maroney in sight of her helpless and infuriated husband. The negroes escaped, and although the State has offered a heavy reward, Redding was not captured until this afternoon. His two accomplices, however, whose names are unknown, were arrested ten days ago.

Governor Candler at midnight said he had heard nothing from Leesburg since the sheriff had asked for troops early in the evening. He said he had feared the militia would not arrive in time and had no reason to doubt the truth of the report.

ATLANTA, February 12.—The sheriff of Lee county telephoned to Gov. Candler at 1 o'clock this morning that he had been compelled to give up three negroes to a lynching party to-night. He surrendered them to prevent the killing of thirteen.

The twenty-second ballot for United States Senator by the Pennsylvania Legislature resulted as follows: Quay, 17; Jenks, 4; Dalzell, 1. No quorum.

SPIRITED DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

McEnery's Resolutions to Declare a Policy As to the Philippines.

SENATORS VEST AND MASON.

Bill to Reimburse Governors of States for Expenses Incurred in Mustering in Volunteer Troops Passed—Proceedings in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—After a spirited debate of more than two hours this afternoon, a unanimous consent agreement was made by the Senate to vote upon the resolutions of Senator McEnery, Democrat, of Louisiana, declaratory of a policy of the United States as to the Philippine islands, at 2 30 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon. The request for this agreement was made by Senator Mason, Democrat, of Illinois, after what seemed the conclusion of the debate upon the question, and after several Senators who were known to be opposed to any action on the resolution temporarily had left the chamber. Upon their return to the chamber they learned what had happened in their absence, and later in the afternoon Senator Hawley, Republican, of Connecticut, gave notice that at the proper time he would endeavor to have the agreement vacated.

Consideration of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill was concluded and the bill was passed just before adjournment.

Senator Vest's Speech.

During the debate upon the McEnery resolutions, Senator Vest, of Missouri, said:

"What can be a broader farce than the passage of these resolutions when we already have declared our policy at the mouth of cannon, amid the rattle of musketry, and in shooting our doctrines into the people of the Philippines?"

He declared that when the treaty was ratified it followed logically that the Filipinos would be coerced. He said that every one of the opponents of the treaty knew that he would be denounced as a traitor or be placed, as the Senator from Montana (Carter) had put it, dangerously near the line of treason.

Senator Mason.

gave notice that he meant to continue his warfare in the interest of the resolution and he would stay here until the snow should fly next December if necessary to get the resolution adopted. It was, he said, more necessary to adopt these resolutions than to take money, from the treasury as proposed in the appropriation bills. He continued by saying that in the Philippines we are now fighting our allies. The moment the jingle of gold had been heard in connection with the Paris conference and when we had descended from the high pedestal of independence, the trouble began and the people commenced their revolt against the treaty. In Cuba we were still contending for liberty and peace reigns; in the Philippines the reverse is true, and there hell is found. He asserted that the United States had been the aggressor in the Manila conflict by trampling upon the rights of the Filipinos. They had sought every means of securing a peaceful settlement and we had kicked them out. When Aguinaldo had asked the poor privilege of a conference our commander had refused, without knowing what he had to offer. His request had been ignored and we had gone on burning his villages and shooting his people like dogs, a la Weyler. Senator Mason gave deliberate notice of a filibuster, saying he would speak each day until the resolutions were acted upon.

Senator Mason then entered upon the contention that the United States were rapidly becoming a puppet of Great Britain, and he read a poem entitled "The Lion's Whelp," which he said illustrated the relationship, the following lines from which illustrates its spirit:

"I know thee, now, my lion's whelp;
It could be none but thee."

This country was even growing more cruel than England, and cruel not to our enemies alone, but to our own people. He heard it said that the Filipinos could be conquered with the loss of only 3,000 or 4,000 lives. According to his way of thinking, one American life was worth more than those of all the natives on the islands. How many Senators had gone there! or have all the Senatorial appointees retired before the approach of danger?

"If you would only show me where we could steal something," he exclaimed jocosely, "I might excuse the proceeding on the ground of high statesmanship; but I fail to see where we are to get any return for our outlay."

The whole matter looked to him like murder and a travesty upon our professed following of the lowly Nazarene.

A bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act to reimburse the Governors of States and territories for expenses incurred by them in aiding the United States to raise and organize and supply and equip the volunteer army of the United States in the existing war with Spain," was passed.

The Senate at 5:45 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The memory of the late Representative Dingley was fittingly eulogized in the House of Representatives to-day by those who had been closely associated with him. The early part of the day was given to some minor routine work, and the eulogies, which were a special order, had the balance of the day. The tributes came from both sides of the House, and expressed a heartfulness of personal regard, as well as admiration for the scholarly qualities of Mr. Dingley.

At the conclusion of the eulogies on Mr. Dingley and as a further mark of respect, the House at 5:45 P. M. adjourned.

Representative Wheeler of Alabama, better known as Major General Wheeler, introduced a joint resolution proposing the thanks of Congress and the American people to Major General Elwell S. Otis and the officers and men of his command for their gallant and successful action at Manila on the 4th and 5th of February.

FOR COAST DEFENCE.

The Fortifications Appropriation Bill as Completed in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The Fortifications appropriation bill was completed to-day by the House Committee on Appropriations. It carries $4,744,798, as against estimates made for this purpose of $12,151,898. The bill carries out the general policy of past Congresses in strengthening the seacoast fortifications. As explanatory of the heavy reduction from the estimates the report shows the extent of the emergency work accomplished during the recent war period, and says it carries out the recommendation of the Endicott board.

AGUINALDO'S AGENT.

Agoncillo Explains His Hurried Departure From Washington—Americans Provoked the Outbreak.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, February 11.—The European Filipino Junta received to-day a long telegram from Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, dated from Montreal, and declaring that he left Washington in consequence of a telegram which he received on Feb. 4th from Aguinaldo, urging him to cable to Malolos the result of the vote of the United States Senate on the peace treaty. Aguinaldo, it appears, added: "It is of the most urgent importance that we should at once be acquainted with the decision, as we are negotiating with General Otis, and the vote will vitally affect the negotiations."

"Agoncillo further declared that as he was closely shadowed by the American authorities, to dispatch this telegram would have been impossible, and he therefore proceeded to British territory.

Agoncillo also says he was persuaded the treaty would not be ratified and points out that "the three votes by which it was passed were only obtained at the last moment and as the result of the outbreak of hostilities." The agent of Aguinaldo again expressed his conviction that the outbreak was "provoked by the Americans for this very purpose."

The telegram concludes: "The Filipinos were anxious to maintain friendship with the Americans and had formally decided never to be the aggressors."

TO SUE RUDYARD KIPLING.

Brother-in-Law of the Famous Novelist Charges Malicious Prosecution and False Arrest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BRATTLEBORO, VT., Feb. 11.—Beattie Balestier, a brother of Mrs. Rudyard Kipling, left here for New York to day with the avowed purpose of bringing suit against his famous brother-in-law, claiming $50,000 damages for alleged malicious prosecution and false arrest in 1896.

About two years ago Balestier and Kipling met on a highway near Brattleboro and had an altercation. Kipling caused the arrest of Balestier and claimed under oath in court a few days later that his brother-in-law had threatened to take his life. Young Balestier was bound over to the grand jury and put under bonds to keep the peace. The case was to have been tried at the September term of that year. Mr. Kipling, however, sailed for England in August and the case dropped. Young Balestier claims that he had had no opportunity to tell his story and he now seeks justice in bringing suit.

QUESTION OF PRECEDENCE.

Funeral of the Late Gen. Garcia in Havana—Cubans Withdraw From the Procession.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—The late General Calixto Garcia was buried to-day without the presence of a single uniformed comrade in arms. Immense throngs of his compatriots paid honor to his memory, wondering as the long procession defiled through the streets of Havana, where the Cuban soldiers were. The towns people learned after the funeral that the Cuban generals had had a dispute with Governor General Brooke's staff over the question of precedence, and had withdrawn in anger, ordering 150 other officers and 200 privates out of the lines. The members of the Cuban Assembly also withdrew, and it is understood that two of the members of General Brooke's advisory council, Senor Lanuza, and Senor Domingo M. Capote, secretary of the government, took the view held by the Cuban generals and retired from the procession. The unfortunate affair is the talk of the entire city.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, decreased $1,940,850; loans, increased $8,516,700; Specie, increased $1,293 500; legal tenders, decreased $1,225,200; deposits, increased $8,036,600; circulation, decreased $68,000. The banks now hold $35,551,825 in excess of legal requirements.

Schooner George E Dudley, from New Haven to Norfolk, to load wood for American soldiers at Cuba, is ashore on Carter's shoals, south of Cobbs' island. The Merritt Wrecking Company has gone to her assistance.

Secretary Long has sent to the Senate an exhaustive report in reply to the resolution calling upon the Navy Department for all records in its possession upon which the nominations of Admirals Sampson and Schley to their present grades were based.

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is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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WARM WIRELETS.

The anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated in Baltimore last night by a banquet, under the auspices of the Union League Club.

Thornton Wilson, a merchant of Norfolk, Va., was drowned there yesterday by breaking through the ice. His two brothers were unsuccessful in their efforts to save him.

The brother of Prof. Andre, who attempted to cross the Arctic regions, does not believe that the remains of Andre and his companions and the car of the balloon have been found.

The Naval Appropriation bill is practically completed, save in some minor details, and all its essential features were made known yesterday. It appropriates a total of $44,158,605.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Board—Wanted by gentleman in private family having house with modern conveniences and located near business centre. Address with terms Box 448. feb 12 1t*

A Few regular boarders can be accommodated on corner Seventh and Chesnut streets. Terms reasonable. Mrs. Charles D. Jacobs fe 5 1f su

Bulbs, Bulbs—Why send North when you can buy Gladiolus, Cannas, Dahlias, Tuberose Bulbs at thirty-five cents a dozen by mail of H. E. Newbury, Magnolia, N. C.? Cash with order. su ja 29 3t*

Subscribe Now—The Tenth Series in the Clarendon Saving and Loan Association will open Saturday, January 7th, 1899. Subscription to same can now be made by applying to S. P. Collier, Secretary, 17 Princess street. D. C. Love President. su de 11 tf

Cabbage-Collards—Reliable cabbage-collard seed. Supply limited. Apply early. John G. Wagner, care F. W. Ortmann, Wilmington, N. C. fe 8 1w

Entertainment—There will be a Valentine entertainment at Abbie Chadbourn Hall of the First Presbyterian Church, for the benefit of the Sunday School Library, February 14th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Admission for adults and children 10c. feb 5 9t

For Sale—House on Wrightsville Beach, near Hotel. Apply to P. H. Hayden feb 5 tf

Wanted—500 bushels select Yam Potatoes on consignment. Also other country produce, to which prompt attention will be given. Love & Flynn, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Water street. ja 28 tf

Bird Dog For Sale—Inquire at this office. ja 24 tf

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 22 tf

New Business—Having purchased the Grocery stock of the late firm of J. L. Croom & Co., I will continue the Grocery and Commission Business at the same stand, No. 18 Grace street, between Mulberry and Water. Consignments solicited. Goods sold for cash only. B. F. Boykin. ja 11 tf

Photographs—If you want up-to-date Photographs in style and finish, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 market street. ja 4 tf

Country Produce of every kind at lowest prices. Choice Sausage, Pork Sausage, dressed and live Poultry. Country shipments solicited. P. H. Smith, Bell 'Phone 383, 214 Campbell street. de 23 tf

Camera For Sale—A "Vive" Camera and complete outfit for sale at a reasonable price. Takes picture 4¼x4¼. May be seen at the STAR office. de 23 tf

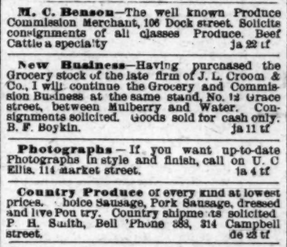
Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

Chickens, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce. See L. Tate Bowden when you want the nicest and freshest in the produce line at the very lowest possible prices. No. 6 Princess street. oc 27 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 99, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf



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We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are "Beauties." Try them also.
We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS, call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.
ja 26 tf

FOR SALE

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

mv 23 tf THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington N. C.

HORSES, MULES.

I have just received a fresh supply of stock—the best that can be offered on any market—including some extra fine drivers and saddlers. Also, a lot of second-hand stock that will be sold at a very low price. All stock guaranteed as represented or money refunded

fe 7 tf L. W. BATES, Water street, Mills' old stand.

THE SNOW WHITE SALE

WILL CONTINUE THIS WEEK

The Ladies have appreciated our selections by their liberal patronage, and there will be added many new patterns to the already large assortment of Dainty White Goods Those Piques Lawn Checks, Soft Finished Nainsooks, Linen Cambrics, Striped and Checked Dimities, Persian Lawns and Tuckings are exquisite.

EMBROIDERIES, EMBROIDERIES.

Cambrics, Swiss and Nainsooks in Edgeing, Insertion, MATCHED SETS, ALL OVER and TUCKINGS, the latter Shirt Waists. They are perfection of loveliness.

HOUSEKEEPERS' LINEN

Table Damask, Napkins, Doylies, Towels, Turkish Toweling, Wash Cloths, Table Felt.

CARPET AND HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

We are daily receiving Mattings, Rugs, Art Squares, Draperies, Shades, etc. Those New Japanese Rugs are the best value for the money that we ever saw. See the patterns and get prices. New Curtain Muslins this week.

A. D. BROWN,
29 North Front Street.
fe 12 tf

Rubber Shoes 25c

AND UPWARD.

Men's Rubber Boots, $2.50.

Big Stock of Macintoshes.

Bargains in Underwear.

Capes, Jackets and Overcoats at Half Price.

A few Blankets and Comforts Cheap.

Best 50c Corset in the city.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.
ja 29 tf

THE BIG SALE

AT

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

TOGETHER WITH THEIR BARGAIN WEEK,

WILL BE CONTINUED from Monday, February 13th, to Saturday, February 18th,

On account of the hard rains and extreme cold weather during the past week.

Those who did not have the opportunity last week to visit us, MUST NOT FAIL TO DO SO THIS WEEK.

Additional BARGAINS are Displayed.

Our Terms CASH, for this Sale.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. fe 13 tf

WE ARE UP-TO-DATE

And pushing ahead in the Dry Goods trade. Our store is the largest and its prices are the lowest.

We offer our stock of Fall and Winter Dress Goods in Novelties and Flannels, Ladies' Cloth, Serges, at reduced prices.

Our line of Eiderdown in colors and white is cut below cost to make a clean sweep.

We are exhibiting a few lines of forerunners of Spring in new shades of Cheviots, Silks and Ginghams. We have just received a beautiful line of Colored and White Pique from 10 to 25c per yard.

We have 78 pairs of Fine Rose Wool Blankets, 10 quarters, five pounds special, at $3 per pair, worth $4.25.

Eleven quarters six pound Blankets at $3.75, worth $5.00.

Comforts from 50c up.

Remember our Carpets and Mattings, 165 rolls on hand, which we are anxious to move. Any one desiring a Carpet will do well to look at our line, as we have cut the prices very low to move the stock. Carpets from 12½c to 50c. A good Brussell's Carpet for per yard. Matting from 10c per yard to 25c. Other bargains in this line equally remarkable.

Window Shades, Spring Rollers and Fixtures complete, from 10c to each.

Lace Curtains, 25 styles from which to select, 45c to $2 50 per pair.

Curtain Poles this week 19c a set.

A large stock of Trunks on our floor. Your's for a small profit. Bought at lowest prices from factory.

A new line of Boys' Clothing received, up-to-date styles, from to $5.00.

Our line of Clay Worsted Men's Suits at cut prices, from $3 to $10 a week.

A very desirable line of Men's Hats. Latest styles, new goods. If you should need a Hat at any price call and see us. We have just received to-day a beautiful line of Children's Caps in silk and lawn, also Boys' and Men's Caps.

Special offering in handkerchiefs.

We solicit your trade, wholesale and retail, at Wilmington's Big Racket Store, 112 North Front street, opposite The Orton.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.
fe 12 tf

THE ADMIRATION OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD

is always excited by the exquisite color of table linen and garments on your clothes line when they are washed with laundry supplies from our store. We have the highest grade washing compounds, Soaps, Blueing, starch, etc., for the laundry, pure and free from deleterious substances. Our Bee Washing Powder is worth a trial. Four pound packages Fairbank's Gold Dust, 20c; Best Laundry Starch, 3½c per lb.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
fe 10 tf

Valentines, Valentines.

A new, novel and attractive line to select from.

Premo Cameras and Kodaks.

Amateur Photographers' Supplies, Films, Plates, Printing Frames, Developers, Trays, Lanterns, Card Mounts Etc.

Try the new "Self-Toning Paper." It pleases everybody.

Send for Catalogue of Cameras.

C. W. YATES & CO.
fe 5 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
fe 9 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats. **September Mullets.**
se 1 tf